HARPER, METHERSON & BUEHLER,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.

Professional Cards, &c.

D. M'CONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH

Attorneys and Counsellors.

D. McCONAUGHY has associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.–tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.

Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [May 29, 1867

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.

Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa.

May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.

☞Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.

R. G. McCREARY,

May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite DR. R. HORNER'S Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist—Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call.

May 29, 1867.

DR. C. W. BENSON HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867.

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call.

May 29, 1867.

OSCAR D. McMILLAN, *SURVEYOR AND CONVEYANCER.*

In connection with the above he is at all times prepared to attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT AND CLERKING OF SALES.

Having had considerable practice in the above, by strict attention to business he hopes to merit a liberal share of public patronage. Charges reasonable. Residence, Gettysburg, Pa. [Jan. 22, 1868.–tf

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW.

May 29, 1867.–1y

OH! YES! OH! YES!

THE undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License, offers his services to the public, and would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to attend promptly to all business in this line. By strict attention to business he hopes to render entire satisfaction. ☞Charges will be very moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Address—

HIRAM ALBERT,
Clearspring, York Co. Pa.

May 29, 1867.–tf.

NOTICE.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Flour, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either Flour or Feed-stuff, will leave their orders, either with John Crismer or Danner & Zeigler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings, by

Sept. 25, 1867.–tf GEORGE GINGELL.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has now thoroughly repaired his GRIST AND SAW MILL, known as "McELHENNY'S MILL," on Marsh creek, and is prepared to do GRINDING AND SAWING of every kind at short notice. He solicits the patronage of the neighborhood, and will guarantee satisfaction. Give us a call.

June 12, 1867.–tf GEORGE GINGELL.

Hotels and Restaurants.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

OPPOSITE THE

N. Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT,

BEACH STREET, BOSTON.

BY F. M. PRATT,

FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.

Oct. 9, 1867.–1y

KEYSTONE HOTEL.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. [May 29, 1867.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,

JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

☞An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains.

Careful servants, and reasonable charges.

May 29, 1867.–tf

Foundry.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

Threshers and Powers,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters, Ploughs, such as Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

Threshers and Powers,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters, Ploughs, such as Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

Wire-spring Horse Rake,

the latest improvement: also Metal Screws for Cider Presses, Iron Railing for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, all new. DAVID STRENER.

May 29.–tf

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 13. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1868. WHOLE NO. 3497.

Medical.

Hoofland's German itters,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medically termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Flittering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries possesses true merit, is skillfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

PREPARED BY *Dr. C. M. JACKSON,*

PHILADELPHIA, PA

Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will electually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well-established *fact* that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail. Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. These, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Penna., writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly,

GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 25, 1866.

"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates st.

FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL,

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from disorder arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle,	$1 00
" half dozen,	6 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, per bottle, or a half dozen for $7 50.	$1 00

☞Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine. [Jan. 15, 1868.–1y

Sewing Machines.

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.'S SEWING MACHINES,

699 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

These World-renowned Sewing Machines were awarded the Highest Premium at the World's Fair, in London, and six First Premiums at the N. Y. State Fair of 1866, and are celebrated for doing the best work, using a much smaller needle for the same thread than any other machine, and by the introduction of the most approved machinery, we are now able to supply the very best machines in the world.

These machines are made at our new and spacious Factory at Bridgeport, Conn., under the immediate supervision of the President of the Company, ELIAS HOWE, jr., the original inventor of the Sewing Machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, and to the use of Seamstresses, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Hooks, Mantillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Boots, Shoes, Harness, Saddles, Linen Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc. They work equally well upon silk, linen, cotton or woolen goods with silk, cotton or linen thread. They will sew, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed.

The Stitch invented by Mr. HOWE, and made on this Machine, is the most popular and durable, and all Sewing Machines are subject to the principle invented by him. Send for Circulars.

SIBLEY & STOOPS, General Agents,
March 19, 1867.–1y No. 922 Chestnut St., Phila

SEWING MACHINES!

THE GROVER & BAKER.

THE BEST IN USE.—These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine.—They are the only Machine that will hem, finish, fell with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They are better, do more work, and last more years,* and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Gettysburg, Adams co., where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

☞Needles and Thread will also be supplied.

J. S. WITHEROW Agent,
Aug. 16, 1866.–tf. Fairfield, Adams county, Pa

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

Soldiers' Head-Quarters

At NORRIS' STORE, in the place to get your

FALL & WINTER GOODS

CHEAP FOR CASH.

If you want a cheap Over-coat, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good cheap Dress Coat, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good Everyday Coat, go to NORRIS'.

If you want a good pair of Pants, go to NORRIS'.

If you want a good cheap Vest, go to NORRIS'

If you want a FASHIONABLE HAT, go to NORRIS'

If you want a late Fall Style Cap, go to NORRIS'

If you want a good pair of Boots or Shoes, go to NORRIS'.

If you want a FASHIONABLE NECK-TIE, go to NORRIS'.

If you want a good French Calf Gaiter, go to NORRIS'.

If you want a good Umbrella, go to NORRIS'.

If you want good Paper Collars, go to NORRIS'.

If you want a fashionable suit of Clothes, go to NORRIS'.

If you want anything in the Gentleman's Line, go to NORRIS'.

If you want a good SMOKE, go to NORRIS'.

If you want good HEAVY UNDER-CLOTHING; go to NORRIS'.

Also—A large stock of CASSIMERES IN THE PIECE. Persons preferring the goods to Ready-made Clothing, can be accommodated at the lowest cash price.

Oct. 9, 1867.—tf THEO. C. NORRIS.

New Boot and Shoe Store.

NEW GOODS AND AT LOW PRICES.

THE undersigned has opened a new Boot and Shoe Store, on BALTIMORE STREET, one door south of the Presbyterian Church and nearly opposite McCreary's Saddler Shop, where he offers an attractive assortment of goods in his line, all new and selected with the greatest care. He has

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS,
IN LARGE VARIETY,
GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S KIP BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTLEMEN'S SLIPPERS; ALL STYLES,
GENTLEMEN'S BALMORALS,
GENTLEMEN'S BROGANS, &c.
MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&c. &c. &c. &c.
BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c. &c.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am determined to sell cheap—a little cheaper than any other house in the county. By strict attention to business, and dealing fairly and squarely with everybody, I hope to merit and receive an encouraging share of public patronage.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots and Shoes will be carried on, in all its branches. Boots, Shoes and Gaiters made to order. Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand. Repairing done on short notice—and no effort spared to give satisfaction. None but first-class workmen employed. Having a life-time experience at the business, I feel confident that I can please all who may call. D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, July 21, 1867.–tf

ROBERT C. COBEAN

HAS just received a new supply of

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

of latest styles, for Winter use, which he is selling at at reduced prices. He also manufactures and repairs

HARNESS, of all kinds,

promptly and on reasonable terms. Bridles, Halters Whips, Trunks, Valises, Tobacco, Cigars, and a great variety of Notions always on hand. Call at the old stand on Chambersburg street, two doors west of Buehler's Drug Store. ☞The highest price will be given for FURS.

Jan. 22, 1868.–tf

NEW GOODS.

GEO. ARNOLD

has now opened a LARGE STOCK of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of all sizes of

COATS, PANTS & VESTS,

SHIRTS, DRAWERS,

CRAVATS, HOSIERY, &c.,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

☞Call, examine and judge for yourselves.☜

Oct. 30, 1867.–tf

PICKING IS SELLING OVER COATS AT COST!

PICKING HAS a splendid assortment of Dress, business, and every day Coats.

—ALSO—

Pants of every description
Black, Blue fancy, &c.
Vests of all kinds.

Now is the time to secure BARGAINS.

Come one! Come all

SHIRTS,

DRAWERS,

TRUNKS,

CARPET SACKS,

UMBRELLAS,

BUFFALO & GUM SHOES, &c., &c.

☞Give PICKING a call as he is determined to reduce his immense stock before April 1st.

☞NO HUMBUG!!☜

CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

Jan. 15, 1868.–tf

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING

AT BRINKERHOFF'S.

STACKS OF THEM!

CLOTHING FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR; which he is selling at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves. To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials; Hats, Boots and Shoes;

Shirts, of all kinds. Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Brushes, Combs;

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, Stationery, &c.;

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a newspaper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

May 29, 1867. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS,

and other materials for Men's Wear, furnished and made up, to order, on short notice.

SATISFACTION WARRANTED.

Work also solicited from Tradesmen, or purchasers elsewhere.

W. T. KING,
York street, opposite the Bank!

June 12, 1867.–1y

Carriages, Harness, &c.

DAVID McCREARY. JOHN F. McCREARY.

"Best always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest,

SADDLES, BRIDLES, COLLARS and HARNESS of all kinds, in the County,

are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.

(McCREARY'S.)

Our Riding and Wagon Saddles, are the most substantially built and neatest.

Our Harness, (*plain and silver mounted*), are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.

Our upper leather Draft Collars, can NOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

Our Heavy Draft Harness, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.

Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Hames, Fly-nets and everything in the line; *None better or cheaper.*

Our prices have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.

A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

☞Give us a call and examine PRICES AND QUALITY.

Jan. 29, 1868.–tf D. McCREARY & SON.

NEW SADDLER SHOP.

ON "the Hill," Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.—Constantly on hand, or made to order, all kinds of

RIDING SADDLES,

WAGON SADDLES,

CARRIAGE HARNESS,

DRAUGHT HARNESS,

RIDING BRIDLES,

BLIND BRIDLES,

COLLARS,

FLY NETS, &c.

as low as the lowest

May 29, 1867.–tf. J. M. ROWE.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING☜

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

May 29.–tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

TATE & CULP

Are now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care, and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any other in or out of the cities. All we ask is an inspection of our work, to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

☞REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg, Pa.

June 12 1867.–tf

Carpenters and Contractors.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTERS & CONTRACTORS,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c. They keep constantly on hand and manufacture order, DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,

And any other Article in the Building Line.

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

☞Orders promptly attended to.

WM. C. STALLSMITH,
C. H. STALLSMITH.

Sept. 18, 1867.–tf

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE

CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by George Schrock, deceased. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.

We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.–tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY.

AND ALL OTHERS

WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the

CARPENTERING BUSINESS

at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

☞Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867. WM. CHRITZMAN.

Bakery.

NEW BAKERY.

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER,

Mechanics Bakery, South Washington tr., half square from the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand, the best of

Bread,
Cracker
Cakes,
Pretzels, &c

Persons wishing fresh Bread will have it delivered every morning by leaving their names and residence at the Bakery

Every effort made to please. GIVE US A CALL.

April 16, 1866.

The Star and Sentinel.

[FOR THE "STAR AND SENTINEL."

TO A FRIEND.

BY J. HOWARD WERT.

The stars are bright with bounteous light,
The moon-beams soft are glowing;
In joy or ill, I feel the thrill—
The magic overflowing
From nature's choir ascending higher
With every orb's pulsation,
With ceaseless praise to endless days,
And loftier aspiration:

That sin may end, and all may blend
In life's complete fruition,
The bond of love commenced above
Before our world's creation.
No jar is there, but through the air,
Chants to the stilly night,
From realms above, God's boundless love,
Once sung by angels bright.

Yet I, who know that sorrow's blow
Leads to a life diviner;
That every ill conducts us still
To heights of love sublimer,
May join that strain—that world's refrain
In key subdued and minor;
And in my sphere of duty here
Sing Love—the great refiner.

Some human hearts ambition parts
That God would join together,
That they might cheer each other here,
Through calm or stormy weather:
Sweet friend for thee my prayer shall be
No fate like this may sever—
May ever part thy loving heart
From one who loves thee ever.

Though absent now, when o'er I bow
Before the bounteous Giver,
There comes from me a prayer for thee,
That, down life's winding river,
A light may guide thy bark beside
To God's mysterious portal;
And, *life* complete, that we may meet
On plains of LIFE immortal.

[FOR THE "STAR AND SENTINEL."

RESPECT FOR PARENTS.

If children could realize but a small portion of the anxiety their parents feel on their account, they would pay far greater respect to the parental wishes. A good child, and one in whom confidence can be placed, is the one who does not allow himself to disobey his parents, nor do anything when his parents are absent, that he has reason to believe they would disapprove were they present. The good advice of parents is often engraven on the heart of the child, that after years of care and toil will not efface; and in the hour of temptation the thought of a parent has been the salvation of the child, though the parent may be sleeping in the grave, and bosom may roll between the sacred spot and the tempted child. A small token of parental affection, borne about the person, especially a parent's likeness, would frequently prove a talisman for good. A Polish prince was accustomed to carry the picture of his father in his bosom; and on any particular occasion he would look upon it and say: "Let me do nothing unbecoming so excellent a father." Such respect for a father or mother, is one of the best traits in the character of a son or daughter. "Honor thy father and thy mother that it may be well with thee, is the first command with promise," says the sacred book, and happy is the child who acts accordingly. J. S. G.

HOW RAMSEY PAID HIS RENT.—Wit is sometimes worth money, but then it is quite essential to have a good-natured customer to deal with.

When Allen Ramsey, a well-known Scotch poet, began like he was so poor that he could not meet his first half-year's rent. After it became due he met his landlord, and explained his circumstances, and expressed his distress at his failure to meet his obligations.

The jolly landlord was quite kind to him, and said that as he was a lad of some genius, he would give him a chance to cancel his debt without paying a shilling. "If," said the creditor, "you'll give me a rhyming answer to four questions in so many minutes, I'll quit you the rent altogether."

Allen said he would try. The questions were, "What does God love? What does the devil love? What does the world love? What do I love?"

Ramsey wrote:

"God loves man when he refrains from sin,
Th' devil loves man when he persists therein,
The world loves man when riches on him flow,
And you'd love me could I pay you what I owe."

"The rent is paid," said the farmer, giving his ingenious tenant a hearty slap on the shoulders.

A DIFFICULT IRISHMAN.—An Irishman in a witness box is proverbially a difficult subject. That others have found Patrick a slippery colt to chase, appears from the following anecdote:

The captain of a steamboat, seeing an Irishman smoking away abaft the funnel, stepped up to him and said:

"Don't you see the notice stuck up yonder?"

"D'ye mane that bit o' painted tin?"

"To be sure I do."

"Shure I say it."

"Why don't you follow it?"

"I havn't sayne it move; it's nailed fast, I'm considerin."

"I mean, haven't you read that notice?"

"Divil a bit; shure I don't know how to rade."

"Well, it says, no smoking *allowed* here."

"Be the powers, it doesn't consarn me a mite, then, for I never smoked *aloud* in my life."

HOW IT WAS DONE.—An Irishman, a addicted to telling queer stories, said he saw a man beheaded with his hands tied behind him, who directly picked up his head, and put it on his shoulders in the right place.

"Ha! ha!" said a by-stander; "how could he pick up his head when his hands were tied behind him?"

"An' sure what a purty fool ye are," said Pat. "Couldn't he pick it up with his tathe?"

A CERTAIN Judge, pronouncing sentence of death upon an Irishman, said: "You shall be taken to the place of execution, and there be hanged by the neck until you are dead; and may God have mercy on your soul!"—At this the prisoner exclaimed, "Hold there, Judge. I want none of your prayers, for I never knew any one to live long after you prayed for him."

A GLASGOW merchant, on his death-bed, sent for a Free Church clergyman. Having some fears regarding his future prospects, he asked the minister, "Do you think if I were to leave £10,000 to the Free Kirk, that my soul would be saved?" "Well," answered the cautious minister, "it couldn't just promise you that; but I think it's an experiment worth trying."

RECONSTRUCTION.

SPEECH OF HON. WM. H. KOONTZ, OF PENNSYLVANIA,

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

January 20, 1868.

The House having under consideration the bill (H. R. No. 439) additional and supplementary to an act entitled "An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, 1867—

Mr. KOONTZ said:

Mr. SPEAKER: This bill has been pretty thoroughly discussed on both sides of the House, and I will endeavor, in as brief a time as possible, to present to the consideration of the House my reasons for supporting the measure. In discussing this bill there are three things to be considered; first, what is proposed to be done by the bill? second, has Congress the power to pass it? third, is there now such a pressing public necessity as calls upon Congress for the passage of the bill?

This bill proposes to declare that in the late rebellious States "there are no civil State governments republican in form, and that the so-called civil governments in said States, respectively, shall not be recognized as valid or legal State governments either by the executive or judicial power or authority of the United States."

The bill also proposes to confer upon the General of the Army the power "to enjoin by special orders, upon all officers in command within the several military departments within said several States, the performance of all acts authorized by said several laws above recited, and to remove by his order from command any or all of said commanders and detail other officers of the United States Army, not below the rank of colonel, to perform all the duties and exercise all the powers authorized by said several acts."

The bill also confers upon the General of the Army the power of removal from and appointment to the civil offices under those several provisional governments. It further declares that "it shall be unlawful for the President of the United States to order any part of the Army or Navy of the United States to assist by force of arms the authority of either of said provisional governments in said disorganized States to oppose or obstruct the authority of the United States as provided in this act and the act to which this is supplementary."

Then there is added a section making it a penal offense for any person to attempt to prevent by force the execution of the orders of the General of the Army.

These, sir, are in brief the provisions of the bill. The next question is, has Congress the lawful power and authority to pass this measure? And, sir, in asserting the power of Congress over this question it becomes necessary to sustain the allegation of fact contained in the first section of the bill, that in those States there are no civil State governments republican in form; for, sir, I concede that if it be not true in point of fact that there are no such civil governments in those States then this proposed legislation and all the legislation of Congress pertaining to the question of reconstruction is wrong; but if, on the other hand, it be true in point of fact that there are no valid State governments in those States, then I apprehend that gentlemen on all sides of this House will concede that there is necessity for some legislation, either in the shape of this bill or some other.

Now, sir, is it true that there are no loyal State governments in those States? I maintain that it is. I do not deny that prior to 1861 there were legal State governments in those States holding their true relation to the Government of the United States, and acting harmoniously with the other States of the Union, under the Constitution, the supreme law of the land. But I assert that those governments were overthrown by traitors; that they were seized by men whose hearts were filled with treason, and all, or nearly all, of the legislative, executive, and judicial officers of those States assisted in carrying them out—the Government of the United States.

It is necessary, sir, to briefly allude to some of the leading events of that period. A Republican President had been elected in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the United States; but because he and his party were of a different political faith to theirs they seized upon what they considered a favorable opportunity to enforce their long cherished doctrine of State rights. For many years the political leaders of the South had been promulgating the wicked and dangerous theory that it was within the power of any one of the States, at its pleasure, to sever its connection with the Government of the United States, and the election of a President by the Republican party was made the pretext for rebellion; and I would here remind gentlemen who are continually denouncing the Republican party for what they allege to be its unconstitutional acts, that in the election of Abraham Lincoln that party was strictly within the limits of the Constitution, and that the leaders of the rebellion not only disregarded the plain provisions of the Constitution in refusing to abide by that election, but engaged in their unholy work before his Administration had come into power and without waiting to see whether, so far as they were concerned, he would not take care that the laws of the land were faithfully executed. It will be remembered that they passed their ordinances of secession, and by the most solemn legislative enactment declared that their States were no longer bound to the General Government. Not only that, but they seized upon all the public property within the limits of those States. They seized upon the forts, arsenals, mints, custom-houses, navy-yards, and all the property belonging to the United States Government therein. They went further, sir; they elected their representatives and sent them to Montgomery, Alabama, and there they united together under another government, formed a constitution for themselves, and adopted a flag different from the flag of our fathers. By the most solemn forms of law they created a separate and independent government, with the avowed intent and purpose of destroying the Government of the United States.

And, sir, for four long years they wielded the power of this great and tremendous organization, extending over ten States, a vast empire in themselves, holding within and under its control ten million people, and with almost unlimited resources, for the purpose of destroying the Government which had been framed by Washington and his compeers.—They were unsuccessful, but I need not remind gentlemen on this floor of the tremendous cost to the loyal people of the country in precious blood and treasure to maintain the unity and integrity of this Government.

Now, sir, during these four years of civil war where rested the legal power and authority of the United States Government? I answer that they were with the loyal, adhering, organized States of the Union. Does any gentleman on the other side say that the legislation for those ten States during that time was wrong because they were in armed rebellion? Will they deny that the legislation necessary to carry on the Government within the organized States was illegal, unconstitutional, and void because those ten States happened to be in organized revolt? Was not the legislative, executive, and judicial power of the Government of the United States fully recognized by the people of the loyal States during that time?

Mr. MUNGEN. We get appeals to this side of the House, and I should like to answer.

Mr. KOONTZ. Not now. I answer that during the time that those States were outside of the Government, so far as they could place themselves, the sovereign power of the nation was represented in the organized States of the Union. He would be a bold man, indeed, who would controvert this position; for to deny the authority of the law abiding, organized States to wield the sovereign power of the Government during an insurrection or r

The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday, February 19, 1868.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 10,000 persons.

☞Advertisements, to secure immediate attention, must be handed in on or before Tuesday morning.

THE WAY THE "DEMOCRACY" CARRY ELECTIONS.

A Rich Expose.

An interesting contested election case is now in progress before a committee of the State Senate at Harrisburg, that of ROBINSON vs. SHUGART, from the Centre and Mifflin (21st) District. The certificate was granted to SHUGART, Democrat. His majority, if our memory serves us right, was less than a hundred. ROBINSON alleges that a large number of fraudulent votes were cast in the District, more than enough to wipe out the majority of his opponent. The testimony taken by the committee shows that at least sixty men voted at Philipsburg, Centre county, on naturalization certificates purporting to have been issued by the Court of Luzerne county on the 28th of September, 1866. The Prothonotary of Luzerne, an Irish Democrat, after comparing these papers with the naturalization record, testified that no persons bearing such names had been naturalized in that court at that time. Being shown one of the naturalization papers, he testified that the printed part was similar to the genuine blanks used by him, and that the seal on it looked like the impression of the genuine seal; but that the signature was not his, nor was the filling up in the handwriting of himself or any of his clerks. The men who cast the fraudulent votes at Philipsburg, were workmen from the railroad which is being built in Clearfield county to connect with the road completed to Philipsburg, and it is alleged that the whole thing was managed by WALLACE, the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee.

An Irishman named CASEY was one of the witnesses who testified to the manner in which the fraudulent voting was done, and by whom it was conducted. On the evening of Jan. 28th, when CASEY was returning home from Harrisburg, he was set upon, near Clearfield, by several persons, supposed to be some of the railroad hands, and beaten so badly that he died from the effects of the injuries on the morning of the 1st of February, never having recovered his reason to designate who were his murderers. That this man was murdered for having testified to these frauds, is doubted by none, and we are glad to see that a resolution has been passed by the Legislature authorizing the Governor to offer a reward of $2,000 for the apprehension of the perpetrators of this foul murder.

It is alleged that proof will be presented to show that forged certificates were issued by the thousands in Luzerne county, and that they were sold openly in Scranton and Wilksbarre for $1.75 each. Little doubt exists that two Democratic State Senators were elected with them last fall. Judge SHARSWOOD was elected with them. And they intend to carry the State next fall with them, if their schemes are not frustrated.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON has made a new move on the chess board, the meaning of which puzzles politicians at Washington. The President, as soon as he was informed of the action of the Reconstruction Committee (in voting down the impeachment resolutions of Mr. STEVENS), immediately sent the name of Lieutenant General SHERMAN to the Senate for confirmation as General by brevet. Leading Senators regard this as an improper nomination, there being no law by which such a brevet can be made. The law by which both the General and Lieutenant General hold their commissions is a special enactment for these special cases, they not being line officers, so it will fall in the Senate. Simultaneously with this is an order creating a new Department of the East headquarters at Washington, and assigning General SHERMAN to its command. The movement excites a good deal of speculation, many regarding it as an effort to get SHERMAN into a position where he will rank with GRANT, and be used to put some indignity upon the latter. But the effort will prove abortive, as the relations between GRANT and SHERMAN are of the most friendly character, and the latter, detecting the trap, indignantly declines to be used to serve the President's purposes against his friend and fellow soldier. In a telegram to his brother, Senator SHERMAN, the General positively refuses to accept the proposed brevet rank of General in the United States Army, even should President JOHNSON's recommendation be endorsed by the Senate.

In the House, on Friday, Mr. WILSON gave notice of his intention to offer a resolution inquiring by what law Mr. JOHNSON created the new Department to which he has assigned General SHERMAN.

THE La Crosse *Democrdt* (Brick Pomeroy's paper,) has opened its batteries on Gen. GRANT, because he refuses to train in the interest of treason, and the Copperhead presses throughout the country follow suit. Hitherto GRANT has been simply "a butcher" and the director of "slaughter pens" during the war—now he is proclaimed a "drunkard" and a "liar." These same worthies in times past denounced HARRISON as a "granny and a coward," CLAY as a "blackleg and duellist," TAYLOR as an "ignoramus and imbecile," SCOTT as a "popinjay and a poltroon," and Lincoln as a "buffoon and blackguard." The whole trouble is that the Copperheads dread the idea of GRANT taking the field against them, and in view of certain defeat have commenced the old game of "making mouths."

AN act of Congress has recently passed, and been approved, allowing the "legislatures of each State to determine the manner and place of taxing all the shares of National banks located within said State, subject to the restriction that the taxation shall not be at a greater rate than is assessed upon other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens of such State. The shares of non-residents are to be taxed in the city or town where the said bank is located."

ON our first page will be found the Speech of our Representative, Hon WM. H. KOONTZ, on Reconstruction, to which we alluded a few weeks ago. It is brief and to the point, presenting the real issue between the two great parties clearly and sharply, and will repay a careful perusal.

JOHNSON'S VERACITY.

JOHNSON'S tilt with GRANT, on a matter of personal veracity, has re-acted against him. It has established his own guilt in trying to circumvent the laws of the land; and has vindicated GRANT as a law-abiding, straight-forward, honest man. JOHNSON'S Cabinet do not sustain his declarations. The only two who undertake to give a statement of the interview (BROWNING and SEWARD) sustain GRANT's version of the conversation, on every essential point. The secret of the whole transaction is that JOHNSON expects to be the Copperhead candidate for the Presidency; and, thinking that GRANT will be the Republican, he sought to entrap the latter, and effect his ruin. He has disgracefully failed.

His controversies have generally resulted disastrously to him. He made a point of veracity with Speaker COLFAX, on the point whether or not the latter had recommended the calling of an extra session of Congress in the early summer of 1865. A gentleman who was present at the time, sustains Mr. COLFAX's declarations.

JOHNSON in 1863 had a like controversy with Gen. BUELL, asserting, under oath, that BUELL had been prevented from abandoning Nashville to Bragg in 1862 only by JOHNSON's resolute expostulations. BUELL replied, publicly, denouncing the statement as false. He asserted further that he never intimated to JOHNSON an intention to leave Nashville without a garrison; that there was no discussion between them *pro* and *con* on the subject; *that the determination to hold Nashville was his own, uninfluenced by* JOHNSON *in any manner;* and that he has not that confidence in JOHNSON's judgment, or that distrust of his own, to induce him to seek JOHNSON's counsel.

JOHNSON quietly submitted to this denial, and never undertook to vindicate the truthfulness of his charges. His reputation for veracity—bad as it is—is, we guess, about equal to his merits.—Certainly, his controversy with BUELL, COLFAX, and GRANT has left him with little claim to be considered a reliable, truth-telling man. It illustrates his perversity, that, with such a series of mishaps, he should exhibit such a tendency to make issues involving personal honor.

THE NEXT U. S. SENATE.

Several inaccurate statements have been published, respecting the vacancies which will occur in the U. S. Senate at the close of the Fortieth Congress, March 4, 1869. They will be as follows:

Republicans—Chandler of Michigan; Conness of California; Edmunds of Vermont; Frelinghuysen of New Jersey; Henderson of Missouri; Morgan of New York; Morrill of Maine; Ramsey of Minnesota; Sprague of Rhode Island; Stewart of Nevada; Sumner of Massachusetts; Tipton of Nebraska Wade of Ohio—13.

Democrats—Bayard of Del.; Buckalew of Pennsylvania; Dixon of Connecticut; Doolittle of Wisconsin; Hendricks of Indiana; Johnson of Maryland; Patterson of Tennessee—7.

Unclassified—Van Winkle of West Virginia.

Of these 21 vacancies, *four* have been filled: California, Ohio, Maryland and Tennessee, showing a net gain of *one* to the Copperheads on the present membership.

Of the remaining 17 vacancies, the Republicans may lose one in New Jersey; and, *possibly*, one in New York and one in Missouri, although the chances are greatly against any loss in the latter two. On the other hand, the Republicans are pretty certain of gaining one in Pennsylvania, and one in Wisconsin, with an exceeding probability of a gain also in Connecticut, and a fair probability of a gain also in Indiana. West Virginia promises to have a distinctive Republican as Van Winkle's successor. In the other States, there will be no changes.

On the whole, the next Senate bids fair to be more strongly Republican than the present, and, with Republican Senators admitted from several of the reconstructed States, their majority would be still greater.

IT is uncertain whether the Constitutional in Alabama received the votes of fully one-half the registered voters of the State. In several counties, the election officers refused to open the polls; in others they were open but two of the four days required; in all, the Rebels made the most effective use of *all* the means in their power to prevent voting. Rebel challengers were at every polls, making lists of the whites who dared to exercise a freeman's right of Suffrage, with a view to publishing the names and driving them from the State—thus reviving one of the old Slave-driving methods of overawing public opinion, and "crushing out" all opposition.

Since the election, many laboring men who dared to vote, have been discharged from employment; and a terrorism established over the entire State. Union men write that they will be driven out, should the Rebel element triumph and get control of the State.

Meanwhile, it has been proposed by Mr. SHERMAN of Ohio, to pass a bill declaring the State of Alabama restored, inasmuch as the entire vote polled was an affirmative one, and the Constitution is in substantial compliance with the Act of Congress. The vote in favor is largely in excess of that polled at any election under JOHNSON's plan; and, at worst, is very near the number required, viz: one-half of the registered vote.—Had a mere majority been required, the number polled in favor would, no doubt, have been a majority, as the law counted every dead, absent, or indifferent man as against the law, which classes may be safely said to include 20 per cent. of the entire vote.

ON Thursday last Mr. STEVENS secured a vote in the Committee on Reconstruction on a resolution offered by him, recommending the immediate impeachment of the President as guilty of "high crimes and misdemeanors." Mr. S. supported his motion in a very able and caustic speech, when, without further discussion, on motion of Mr. BINGHAM, the resolution was laid on the table by a vote of 6 to 3 Yeas—Messrs. Bingham, Beaman, Hulburd, and Paine (Republicans), and Messrs. Brooks and Beck (Democrats). Nays—Messrs. Stevens, Boutwell, and Farnsworth. (all Republicans). This, we presume, settles the Impeachment question, at least for the present.

THE Indiana Republican Convention meets in Indianapolis to-morrow. Since the withdrawal of SCHUYLER COLFAX the nomination of Hon. CONRAD BAKER, (formerly of Gettysburg,) as Governor is placed beyond a doubt.

GRANT AND JOHNSON.

Last week we gave the substance of the correspondence between the President and Gen. GRANT in regard to the War Department. A question of veracity being involved, and Gen. GRANT having closed the correspondence with a sharp and caustic letter, the President found it desirable to call witnesses to his support, and subsequently addressed the General another long epistle re-asserting his version of the difficulty, accompanied by statements from Secretaries SEWARD, BROWNING, RANDALL, MCCULLOUGH, and WELLS, as to their recollections of what transpired in Cabinet meeting between Gen. GRANT and the President.—The two former write non-committal letters, while the three latter squarely endorse the accuracy of the President's version—all of which Gen. GRANT quietly disposes of in a very brief rejoinder, in which, "without admitting anything contained in these statements where they differ from anything heretofore stated by himself, he proceeds to notice the President's charge of insubordination, which he effectually disposes of by showing that while the President sought to have him (Gen. GRANT) assume the responsibility of ignoring Mr. STANTON as Secretary of War, both the Secretary of the Treasury and Postmaster General were allowed, in official orders, to recognize Secretary STANTON. Either Mr. STANTON is or is not Secretary of War. If not, it is the business of the President to assume the responsibility of so declaring in general orders, and not ask him (Gen. GRANT) to do what he (the President) evidently recoils from doing. This is Gen. GRANT's reasoning, and in thus disposing of the President's last philippic remains master of the position.

SPECIMEN DEMOCRACY.

A few days ago "BRICK POMEROY" was reported very sick. The following paragraph from a recent number of his paper, indicates how near he was to the infernal regions:

"Some one says that the Radicals fear Grant will be assassinated. *So he will be if he is elected President, and it would not do the country the least harm.*"

In an article on the approaching Republican National Convention, addressing the Republicans he says:

"Nominate another Abe Lincoln, and the country will produce another John Wilkes Booth, with his *sic semper tyrannis*, in accordance with the suggestions of the La Crosse *Democrat*, and the man is even now ready for the work!"

In another column of the same number of the *Democrat* is the following:

CONFEDERATE FLAG.—We wish a Confederate flag, six feet long or nearly, to place in our sanctum by the side of the National flag—each being American and having floated over men whose bravery never has been surpassed.

It will be remembered that this miscreant justified the assassination of President LINCOLN, and in the issue before us speaks of him as "an inhuman monster, whose excesses and atrocities have caused shuddering humanity to stand aghast with horror." And yet POMEROY claims to have over 100,000 "Democratic" subscribers who approve these atrocious utterances.

The fact that the *Democrat* has a larger circulation than almost any other paper in the country in the Democratic party, plainly shows that it understands the spirit of the party, and knows how to adapt itself to it.

THE decision of the Supreme Court last week in the Georgia and Mississippi cases, does not necessarily involve the McArdle case. Indeed, the Copperheads say they see special loopholes left by Judge NELSON, through which the Court *may* crawl to give a judgment in their favor; but the probabilities are that the Court will dismiss the case for want of jurisdiction. The pending motion is to dismiss, which was very strongly argued by Judge HUGHES and Senator TRUMBULL, their point being that the Reconstruction acts do not give jurisdiction to the Court. On the whole, the prevailing impression is now, that the Court will decline to get mixed up with the political questions of the day. This is best for the Court and country, and is in harmony with the general course of the Court from the beginning of the Government. How much the stern expression of opinion on this subject, both in Congress and out of it, has neutralized the palpable and unremitting efforts which were made to entangle the Court, may never be known. But it is gratifying to believe that the enemies of Reconstruction have been as effectually foiled in this last movement as they were overwhelmingly defeated when they appealed to the suffrages of the people for the vindication of their folly.

THE great speech of Senator MORTON, delivered in the U. S. Senate, a few weeks ago, on Reconstruction, is a masterly and thorough vindication of Republican principles, and is being extensively circulated as a campaign document. The Union League of Philadelphia has ordered 100,000 copies for circulation in this State. It is our purpose to give it entire to our readers, as soon as the press on our columns growing out of the spring sales has been relieved.

THE New York *Herald*, after several weeks denunciation of Gen. GRANT, comes to the conclusion that the Democracy are in a hopeless condition, and expresses the conviction that "no opposition candidate can be brought forth competent to defeat Gen. GRANT." The *Herald's* views are valuable only as a good political vane, unerringly indicating the popular current.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH—READING IN BED.—Widow H. W. Smith, of Lafayette, Indiana, whose practice it had been to read by candle-light, after retiring, was fatally burned one night last week. About 3 o'clock in the morning the servant was awakened by Mrs. Smith, who came and fell across the lounge on which she slept, with her night clothes all in flames. The young woman at once sprang up, and seized a bucket of water standing near, and threw it upon Mrs. Smith and the lounge. The bed where the poor woman and the child slept was also in flames, and the room filled with a stifling smoke. With wonderful presence of mind she next aroused the child, and started her down stairs one way, while she went another and raised the neighbors, who quickly assembled, and, with the aid of buckets of water, soon subdued the flames. Mrs. Smith, who had been most severely burned about the stomach and breast, died in about one hour.

DESPATCHES from Europe state that Admiral Farragut last Friday attended a State dinner given in his honor by King Victor Emmanuel at Florence. It was rumored in Paris that Napoleon was about to change his Cabinet, in deference to the wishes of the Liberal party. A bill was introduced in the British Parliament suspending the writ of *habeus corpus*.

THAD. STEVENS AND GRANT.

A Washington letter to the New York *Independent* contains the following:

Of course, everybody is talking about Gen. Grant and the President. How could it be otherwise, since the publication of the famous correspondence between these distinguished persons? The General stands better with Congress than ever before. When the Clerk had finished reading the correspondence in the House, a member went up to Thaddeus Stevens, who was present through the whole reading, and asked him: "Won't it do now to let Grant into our church?" A grin flitted over the old man's face as he replied: "Yes; open the doors and let him in. He is a bolder man than I thought him to be!" The so-called "Radicals" of both Houses are pleased with *the tone* of General Grant's letters. Men say, "We don't care for the exact facts; there may have been a misunderstanding; but we believe the General intended to do what was right, and we know that he fell into the hands of five or six designing politicians, who tried to use him to advance their interests, and to ruin him so that he could be of no service to the Republicans. They failed in their wicked designs, and now are angry. We stand by the General as against any number of disreputable politicians."

It is entirely useless for such a man as Andrew Johnson to attempt to convict Gen. Grant of falsehood. Nor can the cringing supporters of the President—Randall, Browning, Welles and McCulloch—aid him in his work.

GENERAL NEWS.

THERE seems to be no doubt that the appointment of Minister to England has been tendered General George B. McClellan.

WILLIAM M. Swain, Esq., the founder of the *Public Ledger* of Philadelphia, and also, one of the proprietors of the *Baltimore Sun*, died in Philadelphia on Sunday.

THE Maryland Legislature has appropriated sufficient money to gather up all the dead Rebels in the State and bury them in Antietam Cemetery.

GENERAL Meade has arrested the ex-Rebel General Burns, Comptroller of the Treasury of Georgia, as an impediment to reconstruction.

THE Louisiana Convention has adopted resolutions asking for the reinstatement of Sheridan as Commander of the Fifth Military District, should Hancock be removed.

GALVESTON despatches say that in Texas the vote upon the question of a Convention has undoubtedly been in favor of the assssembling of that body.

HARPER'S Monthly says keenly, that the Democratic party in 1864 represented the spirit of hatred of human rights, under the plea of State rights, and they maintain now the State right to destroy the equal rights of citizens.

REBEL KENTUCKY.—The rebel Legislature of this cowardly State, which occupied the disgraceful attitude of NEUTRALITY during the war—yes *neutrality*, which in time of peace is unmanly, in time of war cowardly—has just given an exhibition of its status politically. It has elected S. J. M. Major, a major in the rebel army, as public printer; W. N. Haldeman, a bummer and camp follower of the rebel army, has been made public binder, and Dr. A. W. Vallandigham, another rebel, State librarian. Such is rebel Kentucky.—*Knoxville Whig.*

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

BALTIMORE.—James S. Sutton, a highly respected citizen of the 13th district, died of hydrophobia on the 11th, having been bitter in the lip by a small dog which came to his residence several months ago, and which he took in his arms; he leaves a wife and four children.

CARROLL.—The new Lutheran Church in Westminister will be dedicated on Sunday next; Rev. Mr. Holloway has resigned the pastorship to take effect May 1, when he goes to Cumberland, Md.

FRANKLIN.—Henry Ward Beecher will lecture in Chambersburg on the 25th instant.—John Brown, Jr., of Fayetteville, was seriously injured on the 1st inst., while loading a log on a wagon, which slipping, caused the tongue to strike Mr. Brown, knocking him speechless.—A Building Association has been organized in Waynesboro'.

FREDERICK.—Henry Crist, formerly of Co. A. Cole's cavalry, was killed in Taylorville, Illinois, on the 15th ult., by a tree falling on him while cutting timber.—On the 2nd inst., Miss Eliza Wiggins, of Frederick, was run against by a boy skating on a pavement with such violence as to knock her down and break her back.

YORK.—A son of Rev. G. P. Weaver, of Wrightsville, aged 4 years, fell on his chin, cutting off a piece of his tongue, which was caught between his teeth.—In York Court last week, Hezekiah Cook obtained a verdict of $2.66 against Daniel Kock for harboring an apprentice, the costs being between $700 and $900.—Conrad Maul, of Hanover, has obtained a Patent for an Improvement in Harvesters.—Geo. W. Ortlip, a flag man on the N. Central road, fell from a train between York and Harrisburg last week, and was killed.

A GOOD RELIGIOUS PAPER.—The growing excellence of THE ADVANCE indicates its right to its name. It *does* stand in the front rank of our best religious weeklies. The last number is a capital one. Among the noticeable articles are some very interesting "Reminiscences of Wm. B. Bradbury"—telling how the Cantata of Esther was written—by his old associate, C. M. Cady; a trenchant article on "Congregational Singing or none," by Prof. Nathan Sheppard; some spicy "Gossip about Sunday Schools," by a New Haven lady: an admirable review of "The Southern Situation," in a letter from Mobile; juicy editorials on "Seeds of Thought," The "Two Tract Societies," "Twenty-Five Years," "Boston and Chicago," &c.; and "Pigeon-Hole Excerpts," a special feature of THE ADVANCE, which are the essence and marrow of good things.

Published at 25 Lombard Block, Chicago, at $2.50 a year. Specimen copies—containing a tempting premium list—are sent free to any who apply for them.

"Throw physic to the dogs; I'll none of it.
To make assurance doubly sure
I'll take"—PLANTATION BITTERS.
They never fail.

This great Stomach Healer is just what the people need. It is a remedy they can rely on. For Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Headache, Dizziness, Ague, Liver Complaints, Pains in the Side and Back, it has no equal; not the least among its virtues is its extreme pleasantness to the taste and *immediate* beneficial effect. Try it; suffering Dyspeptics, and you will be cured. Such are the assertions of those situated to know. From the vast amount of this article sold, it must have great merit.

Magnolia Water is a delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the cost. Feb. 12-2t

OF INTEREST TO EVERYBODY.—Since the advent of the Star Shuttle Sewing Machine in the market, about one year ago, the manufacturers have sold about Fifteen Thousand, and such unprecedented testimonials of their intrinsic worth has prompted them to enlarge the machine, and otherwise improve it, that now the Star Shuttle Sewing Machine stands without a rival. Mr. Wilson deserves great credit for assuming the responsibility in putting a lock Stitch Shuttle Sewing Machine in the market at such a low price, in direct competition with all the first-class and high priced machines. 1t

Special Notices.

THERE ARE TWO SPECIAL QUALITIES WHICH DR. ERMINE and fix the superiority of Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S NEW STYLE IMPROVED HAIR RESTORER or DRESSING, in one bottle, over all other preparations for the HAIR. First, the prompt, quick action, great growth, life, and vigor that it is sure to give to the Hair, never failing, by a few applications, to restore Gray or White Hair to its natural color, imparting to the Hair a delightful aroma, fresh, delicate, and unchangeable in any climate. Second, its easy application without any previous preparation of the Hair; without that sticky and disagreeable sulphur odor found and complained of in all other preparations. It never soils the skin or linen. Ladies will find it a standard Toilet luxury to dress their Hair. It retains the Hair in any desired position, and is cooling, healing, and cleansing to the Scalp, removing immediately all scurf, dandruff, and pimples. Price one dollar. Sold by all Druggists.

Feb. 19-1m

Among the many restoratives which nature has supplied to relieve the afflictions of humanity, there is no more favorite one for a certain class of diseases than the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree; but however valuable it is, its power to heal, to soothe, to relieve and to cure, is enhanced tenfold by scientific and judicious combination with other ingredients, in themselves of equal worth. This happy mingling exists to a remarkable degree in

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

whose value in curing *Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Pulmonary Affection, and Incipient Consumption* is inestimable.

STRONG TESTIMONY.

From BENJAMIN WHEELER, Esq., Depot Master of South Royalston, Mass.

"In the spring of 1858 I was severely afflicted with a hard, dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health that, after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon to call on Dr. Clarke, of a neighbor to try Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and, before taking two bottles, the effect was almost magical. My cough entirely left me, the night sweats deserting me, hope once more elated my despoiled spirits, and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor. Thus has this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted."

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont st., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE

Cures in a very short time

CUTS, BURNS, SCALDS, WOUNDS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, RINGWORM, CHAPPED HANDS SOILS, FROZEN LIMBS, FELONS, CHILBLAINS, &c:

It is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and reduces the most angry looking swellings and inflammations, as if by magic, thus affording relief and a complete cure."

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Proprietors.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers, and at all country stores. [Feb. 5-1m

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TO THE LADIES.—FOR ONLY ONE DOLLAR,

We are selling *Silks, Shawls, Dry* and *Fancy Goods* of every description, also, Sellers' Wave, *Parisian, &c., Valuable Presents*, from $3 to $800, sent *free of charge* to agents sending clubs of ten and upwards. Circulars sent free to any address. A RESPONSIBLE AGENT WANTED.

P. O. Box. 2963. 42 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

Feb. 5-6m

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL MEDICINES IN THE WORLD.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, and Fever and Ague.

Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect *cures* effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the system and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.

Sold by all Druggists. White & Howland, Proprietors successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.

April 4, 1867.—1y

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a benign for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on cheeks, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful; can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
825 Broadway, New York.

June 5, 1867.—1y

SPEER'S WINES are pure juice grape Wines and excel in purity and richness most of our native vintages. They are used in Churches for communion purposes and in hospitals for invalids and convalescents on account of their purity and reliability. [sept.18.-1y

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DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 905 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. [Nov. 20, 1867.—1y

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TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND DISAGREEABLE Medicines! Hoofland's German Bitters, Hoofland's German Tonic, Hoofland's German Liver Regulator, Hoofland's German Cordial or Hoofland's German Pills are the best and Imported. Note Well. Feb. 26.—eow2t

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TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a long affection and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second st., Williamsburg, New York
June 5, 1867.—1y

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP.

COLGATE & CO'S *ERASIVE SOAP.*

Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers.

May 16, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cure secret and delicate disorders small their stages at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant to the taste and odor, comedinate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. [Feb. 28 1867.1y

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ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS and debilitated those offerings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering only from the effects of involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Are you weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little exertion, mentally or bodily, produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or ropy? Does it pass off too frequently? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or of bowels being costipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, mopish, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody?—Does any little thing make you start or frighten easily? Does sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? Does the bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you attend to business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights?—Your back weak, your knees weak, you have a poor appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

Your kidneys, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in a perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business-men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become easy and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other nervousness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. Those will not only ruin their constitution, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affection, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic—HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the most Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Price—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

April 30, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the
BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,
and all diseases of the
URINARY ORGANS,
whether existing in
MALE OR FEMALE,
from whatever cause originating and no matter of
HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the
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HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by
H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

SEND 25 CENTS for your choice of 150 Useful Articles for ONE DOLLAR EACH; and full particulars of the most popular Sale in the world. Address TOWLE & CO., 7 Tremont Row, Boston, Mass. [Feb. 19.-4t

Personal Property Sales.

GREAT SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, having rented his farm and intending to move to New Salem, will sell at his Stock and Farming utensils, on *Saturday, the 14th of March*, 1868, at 9 *o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence in Highland township, Adams county, one mile south of New Salem, and five miles north of Gettysburg, including 6 head of first-rate DRAUGHT HORSES, four of them boys, one sorrel, and one black, averaging about 1250 lbs., and all in fine condition, fit for any market; one of the boys rising 7 years, the other five rising 6 years; four of them leaders, two of them saddle horses, and all of them geldings. Also, a fine Bay Mare Colt, rising three years, black legs, mane and tail. Also 1 Horse, rising 4 years old, a first-rate driving horse. The above are as fine a lot of horses as will be sold at public sale in the county this spring. Also, Five head of Milch Cows, 2 of which will be fresh on day of sale, and 2 of which had calves at the holidays, 1 Heifer with calf, 2 young Cattle, 6 Shoats six months old, a bread-tread Wagon 3½ inches in tread, 1 inch tire, 5 inch spindle, ordinary height, nearly as good as new, and a first-rate running Wagon calculated for 4 or 5 horses, also, a 2 inch pine plank Bed, 20 inches high, side-boards 2 inches high, 11 feet long; 2 cows of steepers on both sides, being a number one Bed, built about three months ago. Also, a good narrow-tread Wagon, for 2 or 3 horses, with plank bed, a Dung Wagon, 2 double shovel Ploughs as good as new, 1 Winnowing Mill, 1 three-horse and two-horse Iron Plows, with steel mold-board, both nearly new, 2 Log Chains, a lot of Cow Chains, 3 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Side Leathers, 4 sets of Front Gears nearly new, 2 sets of Plow Gears, 6 Collars nearly new, 7 Blind Bridles and Bridles, 1 Wire-tooth Horse Rake good as new, 1 Screw Hay Pitcher with rope 75 feet long and pullies, 2 Pitch Forks, 2 Dung Forks, 1 Dung Hook, 1 Clevice

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Wednesday, Feb. 19, 1868.

PREMIUMS FOR NEW SUBSCRIBERS.—Our friends will bear in mind that any one of our *present* subscribers sending in the names of *four* new subscribers, with the cash in advance ($2 per annum), will receive a credit of one year's subscription on their own account—in other words, for each new subscriber sent in, accompanied by the cash, a PREMIUM OF FIFTY CENTS is allowed as a credit on *present* subscriptions. Some of our subscribers have thus paid their own paper for two and three years in advance. The same opportunity is offered to *all*. Who will signalize the new year by doing likewise?

SALES.—The following sales of Personal Property, to take place this spring, will be found in our advertising column:

Feb. 22.—William Walter, Hamiltonban tp.
" 24.—Adam C. Musselman, Hamiltonban tp. near Fairfield.
" 25.—Wm. Howard, Straban tp.
" " —Dr. John Carpenter, Franklin tp.
" 26.—Jacob Minter, Franklin tp.
" " —Francis Cunningham, Freedom tp.
" 27.—Daniel Cashman, Straban tp.
" " —John Hoover, Butler tp.
" 28.—Jacob C. Herbst, Cumberland tp.
Mar. 2.—Adm'r of Michael Carl dec'd., Berwick tp.
" 3.—Henry Dottrarar, Huntington tp.
" " —Adm'r of Frederick Stockteiger, Franklin tp.
" 4.—Chas. B Polley, Cumberland tp.
" 5.—Samuel Shelly, Huntington tp.
" 5 & 6.—Wm Wible, Straban tp.
" 6.—A. J. Bender, Menallen tp.
" " —John A. Shugh, Butler tp.
" 7.—Henry Speck, " "
" " —Hezekiah Lashaw, Franklin tp.
" 10.—Isaac Baerlger, Union tp.
" " —J. McCleary and Rush M. Bigham, Freedom tp
" " —J. W. Fiddler, Straban tp.
" " —Cyrus S Griest, Butler tp.
" 12.—J. W. Weigle, Highland tp.
" 17.—Jesse Cook, Latimore tp.
" 18.—Christian Benner, Straban tp.
" 19.—George Hewitt, Menallen tp.
" 20.—John Kammrine, Union tp.
" 25.—Sarah Heller, Menallen tp.
" 28.—Samuel Lawver, Butler tp. near Beecher's Factory.

EXHIBITION.—An Exhibition, under the auspices and for the benefit of the Franklin Zouaves, will be given in Arendtsville on the evening of the 22d of February.

IMPROVEMENT.—SAMUEL HERBST has put up a large Stable, 42x80 feet, in the rear of the Keystone House. We believe it is his intention to open a Livery Exchange.

CONFIRMED.—The nomination of W. H. LONGWELL, as Postmaster at Pithole City, has been confirmed by the U. S. Senate. We congratulate our young friend and *typo* on his good luck.

GETTYSBURG ZOUAVES.—Will meet for Drill and Parade on the 22nd inst., at 1 o'clock, P. M., in full dress, with arms and accoutrements in good order—the Company will also shoot for a medal to be presented to the best shot.

PREMIUMS.—Last week the Westminster Building Association sold 3 shares of money at 38 per cent., and 3 shares at 41 per cent. premium. We thought the Gettysburg Building Association was doing a tall business in selling money at 28 per cent. premium, but Westminster can beat us.

BURNED.—On the night of the 7th inst., the building over the "water tank," 2 miles below New Oxford, on the Gettysburg railroad, was consumed by fire. It appears fire had been made in the building the evening previous to keep the water from freezing, and in some way the building took fire.

LECTURE.—The Lecture of Prof. COPEE, in Agricultural Hall, on the evening of the 11th, on the "use and abuse of the English Language," was delivered before a large and appreciative audience, and fully sustained the high reputation of Prof. C. as one of the first lectures of the day.

ELECTION.—The following persons have been elected officers of the "Mummasburg Mutual Fire Protection Society," for the ensuing year:

President, E. W. Stahle.
Vice President, Michael Deatrich, Sr.
Secretary, James Russell.
Treasurer, H. J. Brinkerhoff.
Executive Committee, Michael Deatrich, Jr., Peter Sholl and Capt. J. H. Plank.

LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT.—We understand that the "Phrenakosmian Society" of Pennsylvania College intend to give an entertainment in Agricultural Hall, on Saturday evening next, the 22d, consisting of Addresses, vocal music, &c. A pleasant time may be expected. No charge will be made for admittance, but a collection will be taken up to defray expenses of rent of hall, light, &c.

APOLOGY.—We must crave the indulgence of our readers for a few weeks in not giving them the usual allotment of news and other matter. This is the season for personal estate advertising and, in order to accommodate our advertising friends, we are necessarily obliged to give them the preference. It will pay, however, to read the advertisements, as they show the business movements and changes taking place in the county.

REPEALED.—The Legislature has passed the bill to repeal the "Gettysburg Asylum" lottery scheme. As the corporators have employed counsel and take the ground that the charter cannot be repealed, we presume the matter will get into the Courts.—In the mean time we advise our readers, who do not wish to be swindled, to stand off.

The bill as passed forfeits the charter to the Commonwealth by reason of the abuse of franchises granted by the Legislature, and authorizes the Auditor General to take such steps as may be advisable to recover all the property, assets and effects of the corporation, by prompt seizure, and to hold the same for the benefit of persons who have suffered losses at the hands of the corporation.

A RECEPTION—With exercises appropriate to the commemoration of Washingtons Birth day, in which the Children will all participate, will be held at the National Orphans' Homestead, on Saturday next, from 2 to 5 P. M. Major CLEETON, of Conn., will be present and give some interesting facts concerning the earnest co-operation of the Sabbath Schools in New England, in behalf of the Homestead. The public of Gettysburg and vicinity are respectfully invited to attend.

Tickets of admission, 25 cents, can be procured at the stores of Messrs. SCHICK, FAHNESTOCK, BUEHLER and HORNER. The proceeds are to be appropriated for the benefit of the Children. Let the house be filled.

DISCHARGED.—It may be recollected that a young man by name of ROBERT C HENDLEY, of Columbus, Ky., was arrested in this place some months ago, while on a visit to his relatives, on a charge of purloining goods from the Express office in Columbus. Mr. H. had been for some time the Agent of the Express Company at that place, and during his absence some valuable packages were discovered to be missing.—Suspicion attached to Mr. H., and an Agent of the Company followed him to this place and arrested him. Mr. H. indignantly asserted his innocence, and determined to return at once to Columbus to meet the charges. He had at the time the sympathy of many personal friends, who will be gratified to know that the prosecution has been abandoned.

AT HOME.—By the annexed letter from our old friend and correspondant, "J. S. G.," it will be seen that he is at home again—on a brief visit, however, it being his purpose to return in a few days "down east," to complete the survey of the railroad from Bangor, Maine, into the British Provinces. It will be seen that his sojourn in Her Majesty's dominions has not diminished his interest in public affairs or lessened his indignation over the treachery and infidelity of the President, who, he thinks, should have been long since impeached.

NEW OXFORD, Feb. 18, 1868.

To the Editors of the "Star and Sentinel":

Inclosed is a $2,00 bill, which you will please pass to my credit. And while I am writing I will ask indulgence to state that I am on the third quarter of one hundred years, and have seen something of the "hurly-burly" of politics, and should like to have the confidence to believe that I might yet see my country enjoying peace and prosperity. But, I would ask, how shall peace and prosperity be obtained? One of the first lessons that my mother taught me, was not to cry peace where God said there was no peace.

The Fremont policy is the only true policy. That policy probably would saved Abraham Lincoln's life. That policy would have saved thousands of the lives of our young men, and millions of dollars of the people's money. The timid, "split-the-difference" policy has filled the country with mourners and invalids, and laid a burden on the nation that will probably last as long as we are a nation. And what is the prospect? We have a traitor and rebel sympathizer in the chair of State, with a class of men chosen by ourselves who have not the courage to put him out, although they have the power and evidence enough of his guilt to justify the measure. If his first veto message did not furnish evidence enough to convict him of treason, I should like to know what would. He refused to sign a bill that passed both Houses of Congress because it was passed in the absence of eleven States, when those States had gone out of the Union by force, had set up a government of their own, had invaded our territory and done everything they could in the nature of war—and yet Congress could not pass a legal act in their absence. The idea is too ridiculous to be entertained in even a grog shop.

This hesitating policy is always paralyzing—and the idea that the people are not ready for radical measures is a delusion.—The people are always in advance of the office-holders. The office-holders and office-seekers are opposed to the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, but the great body of the people would have been glad to have seen him ousted from the place he holds, a year ago, and they will not be satisfied for him to remain a stumbling block till March 1869. I feel gratified when I reflect that nine of the Pennsylvania Republican members had courage enough to stand up to the mark on the impeachment question, while five were too chicken hearted to vote for it, but cast their vote against impeachment. One whom I helped to elect to the place that he holds, I regret to say, backed down—poor fellow.

I have no doubt that a majority of the Supreme Court are in sympathy with the rebellion and will do all that they can to secure the unrepentant rebels, and intimidate themselves and bewilder Congress by long winded arguments made up of ambiguous phrases in the name of law, and thereby introduce sophistry instead of common sense.

J. S. GITT.

BUGLARY AND ARREST.—On Tuesday night last, between 9 and 10 o'clock, the Jewelry store of Messrs. SOPER & MCCARTNEY, on York street, was entered during the temporary absence of the proprietors, and three watches, worth about $75, stolen from one of the cases. The loss was not noticed until next morning, when the services of detective ROUZER were called in to work up the case. During the morning, officer ROUZER, learned that two strangers had been in town the preceding day, one of whom under pretence of being blind had been disposing of songs, and had put up at the Battlefield Hotel, but who had suddenly decamped before midnight, and at once he proceeded to look them up. They were tracked to Littlestown, where it was found that they disposed of the watches at Hemler's tavern, and taken the morning train for Baltimore. Mr. ROUZER immediately made for Hanover, the nearest telegraph station, and telegraphed to chief of Police in Baltimore, following himself in the next train. Reaching Baltimore, he learned two men, answering to the description, had arrived in the morning train, but that the telegram had reached Baltimore a half hour too late, the parties having inquired for and gone to the Washington depot. Mr. ROUZER believing the parties to be old offenders, who adopted this ruse to mislead pursuit, insisted that they were still in Baltimore, and had officers detailed by the Chief of Police to assist him in the search. At a late hour of the night, after visiting numberless cribs resorted to by thieves, the parties were found in one of these low dens, arrested and brought back to Gettysburg next day. They prove to be old offenders, going by the name of Henry Reed *alias* Rue, and James Elliott, one hailing from Philadelphia and the other from Baltimore, and both of whom have been in the Penitentiary several times. Elliott is blind in one eye, and nearly so in the other. He carried about with him a printed statement of his being blind, and that he bore a good character, &c. The wonder is that they did not help themselves more liberally, as the case from which the watches were taken contained other watches with a large amount of valuable jewelry. Officer ROUZER deserves much credit for the skill and persistance with which he worked up the case.

ARREST.—Last week officer WEIKERT arrested a stranger, passing by name of JOHN COOK, and had him committed on a charge of larceny. He had been about town for several days, but without fear of the law, undertook "feloniously to take and carry away" two umbrellas, the property of the Senior editor of this paper, and dispose of them.—He had been to the residence of Mr. HARPER, for aid, representing himself to be a printer in distress, and after receiving assistance the rascal carried off the two umbrellas. They were not missed, but it so happened that one of them bore Mr. H.'s name, which led to suspicion. Officer WEIKERT got on his track, arrested the scamp, recovered the umbrellas, and returned them to Mr. H., which was the first intimation the latter had of having been robbed.

SALES.—Col. J. H. McClellan has sold 10 acres of land, on Seminary ridge, in borough limits, to Isaac Deardorff, for $1,000.

Dr. F. E. Wandersloot, on the 8th inst., sold at public sale, his property on Baltimore street in this place, at $4 375—Messrs. J. W. C. O'Neal, W. A. Duncan and E. G. Fahnestock purchasers.

Isaac Deardorff has sold his farm, in Cumberland township, to John Braught, of Mifflin county—312 acres, at $14,000.

Michael B. Miller has sold a tract of twelve acres, with improvements, in Mountjoy township, to David Clapsaddle, for $1,000. Mr. Miller has purchased from John Cress, a house and seven acres of land, in the same township, at $600 cash.

CHANGE OF COURTS.—The Senate has passed the Bill, prepared by MCCONAUGHY, changing the time of holding the Courts in Adams county. The Bill provides for a Court of one week in April and August, commencing on third Monday as heretofore, and a Court to continue two weeks in November and January, commencing on the fourth Monday. The Bill is intended to facilitate the criminal and civil business of the county and save the necessity and expense of special Courts, and was prepared at the request of the members of the Bar and Judges of the Court.

COLORED CELEBRATION.—On Wednesday last the "Sons of Aaron," a benevolent association composed of colored men, paraded our streets, with martial music, each member wearing a blue sash, white gloves, and the regalia of the Order. The celebration was in commemoration of the birthday of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, the great Emancipator. In passing the "STAR AND SENTINEL" office, three hearty cheers were given, as also at other points in town. The members departed themselves with marked propriety, and the procession attracted much attention.

BORDER RELIEF.—The House Committee, at Harrisburg, last week, after hearing Senator MCCONAUGHY in behalf of the citizens of the border counties claiming relief for damages sustained during the war by Rebel invasions, reported the Bill to the House with a favorable recommendation.—We learn that the Committee had determined to report the bill unfavorably, but after Mr. MCCONAUGHY's able and thorough vindication of the claims, changed their purpose. We have not learned what the prospects are for the passage of the bill, but it is to be hoped that this long delayed measure of justice will be accorded by the Legislature. The border counties had to bear the whole brunt of the injuries resulting from their exposed condition, by reason of Rebel raids and the battles of July 1863. The defeat of the Rebel army at Gettysburg, saved the State from Rebel spoliation, and the State should indemify our people for the heavy losses then incurred.

FRIGHTENED OFF.—On Monday night a week HAHN's warehouse, on the Gettysburg railroad, was entered by two thieves, a comrade remaining in a sleigh close by, but decamped without taking any goods—being disturbed by the approach of one of the hands employed there, whose attention had been attracted by the sleigh. On the approach of the latter, an alarm was given, when the two rascals rushed from the warehouse, jumped in the sleigh, and drove off.

MORNING GLORY STOVE.—Great improvements in Stoves have been made within the last few years by scientific men, who have directed their attention to the work of securing the greatest amount of heat from a given quantity of fuel, and it is now admitted on all hands that the base-burning stoves are beyond all question the most economical and comfortable. Of the base-burning stoves, it is also now admitted by all who have tested them, that the MORNING GLORY is equally beyond question the MOST ECONOMICAL, and most desirable—consuming the least coal, easily managed, free from dust, and producing a uniform heat which is equally diffused throughout the room. Having a mill-grate, they never clog up with cinders, and being once started can be burnt the entire winter without cleaning and without letting the fire go out. They are likewise ornamental, and equally adapted for parlor, chamber, office, hotel and hall. Over FIFTY of these stoves have been sold in Gettysburg and vicinity this winter. They can be seen in daily use at the EAGLE HOTEL, and the WASHINGTON HOUSE, and also at the "STAR AND SENTINEL" office.

☞Col. C. H. BUEHLER, at the corner of Railroad and Carlisle streets, is the sole Agent for the MORNING GLORY, for Adams county. Call and examine them.

☞Also, on hand a large variety of COOKING and PARLOR STOVES, COAL, LUMBER, Washing Machines, Tin Ware &c. Call and examine.

NO MEDICINE ever appeared with stronger vouchers for its general and substantial excellence than the Peruvian Syrup. Invalids, especially those suffering from dyspepsia and dilibility, should send to J. P. Dinsmore, 36 Dey street, New York, for a pamphlet (sent free), concerning this remarkable remedy. 1t

☞"Time may sear and blanch your brow,' but it cannot silver your hair, if you use that excellent renewer know as "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative" to the absolute exclusion of all the vile compounds with which the market is flooded.—*Portsmouth Journal.* 1t

☞The sweetest singer and the sweetest perfume of the day are Adelina Patti and Phalon's "Night blooming Cereus." Both are American! The fair singer enraptures everybody—the perfume is in demand every where. —*Georgetown Union.* 3—4

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain and Produce Market.

Baltimore, Tuesday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,	9 25	@	10 00
EXTRA FLOUR,	10 50	@	11 00
BUCKWHEAT MEAL,	5 50	@	5 62
WHITE WHEAT,	2 30	@	2 80
RED WHEAT,	2 50	@	2 00
CORN,	1 14	@	1 20
RYE,	1 60	@	1 65
OATS,	78	@	80
TIMOTHY-SEED,	3 00	@	3 25
CLOVER-SEED,	8 12	@	8 50
FLAX-SEED,	2 50	@	2 80
BACON, HAMS,	17	@	18
" SIDES,	12½	@	13
" SHOULDERS,	11	@	11½
HAY,	18 00	@	25 00
WHISKEY,			
GOLD, Phila			1 41½

Gettysburg Grain and Provision Market

Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning

SUPER FLOUR,			8 50
EXTRA FLOUR,			9 50
WHITE WHEAT,	2 10	@	2 20
RED WHEAT,	2 10	@	2 25
CORN,			1 00
RYE,			1 30
OATS,			62
BUCKWHEAT,			1 00
TIMOTHY SEED,			2 00
CLOVER SEED,			7 25
POTATOES,	1 20	@	1 25
BUTTER,			35
LARD,	11	@	12
EGGS,			20
BACON, HAMS,	14	@	15
" SIDES,			19
" SHOULDERS,			10
SOAP,	7	@	8
TALLOW,			10

MARRIED.

DUTTERROW—MOSER.—On the 31th of Dec., by Rev. E. S. Johnston, Mr. Alford Dutterror, to Miss Ann M. Moser, both of Frederick county, Md.

EICHELBERGER—SPANGLER.—On the 16th ult., at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Mr. Owens, Mr. W. A. Eichelberger to Miss Lydia A. Spangler, both of this county.

JOHNS—ZIEGLER.—On the 17th of September, at the Lutheran Parsonage in Hanover, by Rev. S. Yingling, Mr. D. E. Johns, formerly of Petersburg, (Y. S.) to Miss Helen M. Ziegler, of this place.

LEEPER—SWARTZBACH.—On the 26th ult., by Rev. J. D. Zehring, Mr. J. Hiram Leeper, of the neighborhood of Gettysburg, to Miss Angeline Swartzbach, of Jefferson, York county.

METZGER—MYLEY.—On the 28th ult., by Rev. E. S. Johnston, Mr. Henry Clay Metzger, of Hanover, to Miss Emma Cora Myley, of Fairfield, Pa.

DIED.

☞Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

JACOBS.—On the 2d inst., Mr. Abraham Jacobs, of Latimore township, in the 79th year of his age.

KLINGEL.—On Monday last, Mrs. Hannah Louisa, wife of Daniel H. Klingel, of this place, age 34 years 10 months and 14 days.

SCOTT.—On the 10th inst., at Mercersburg, Pa., Miss Margaret Scott, daughter of Capt. James Scott, formerly of Gettysburg, in the 74th year of her age.

STERNER.—On the 9th ult., Henry Allen, infant son of Samuel and Amanda Sterner, aged 6 months and 10 days.

WAMPLER.—On the 7th ult., in this place, Mr. Henry Wampler, aged 61 years 10 months and 4 days.

WOLF.—On the 7th inst., at the Alms House, Mr. George Wolf, at an advanced age.

TO MILLERS.—For sale a pair of CROPPING STONES AND CHARING—for a SORE MILL FURTURE. Keeping of the same. S. T. SHUMAN.
Gettysburg, Oct. 5—tf

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS (Printed), Administrator's and Executor's Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without notice of waiver, Sheriff's Deeds, Constables' Recognizances, &c., for sale at the STAR AND SENTINEL office.

New Advertisements.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, on *Wednesday the 18th day of March next*, at 10 o'clock, *A. M.*, at his residence in Straban township, about one mile southeast of Gettysburg, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

4 HEAD OF YOUNG WORK HORSES, 7 Milch Cows, 4 head of young Cattle, 3 Bulls, 1 Boar and 9 Pigs, 1 four-horse Wagon with Bed, Hay Ladders, 1 two horse Wagon, 1 Carriage, 1 Threshing Machine with double Shaker, Wire Cloth Rake, Grain Drill, Winnowing Mill, 2 sets of Breastchands, 2 sets Front Gears, 2 sets Plough Gears, 2 sets Carriage Harness, Collars, Bridles, Saddles, 2 Ploughs, 2 Harrows, double and single shovel Ploughs, Corn Coverer, double and single Trees, Butt and Breast Chains, Halter and Cow Chains, Log Chains, and other Farming Implements. Also—a patent Dry-House, a lot of old Iron, a half dozen Chairs, Cupboard, Spinning Wheel, Quilting Frame, and a lot of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Attendance will be given and terms made known by CHRISTIAN BENNER.
JOHN SCALLENTER, Auctioneer. [Feb. 19—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned will sell at Public Sale, *on Thursday, March 19th, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, on the premises in Menallen township, Adams county, off the road leading from Bendersville to Hunterstown, about ¾ mile from Bendersville, the following Personal Property:

2 GOOD HORSES, 2 Cows, 10 head of sheep, 1 two or three-horse Wagon, Falling-top Buggy, 2 Sleighs, Wagon Bed, Plows, Harrows, Corn Fork, Shovel Plow, Hay Rake Grain Screen, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Grain Cradle, Rakes, Forks, 2 sets Breastchands, set Front Gears, 1 set Harness, Wagon Saddle, 3 Shootings, 3 blind Bridles, pair side Leathers, Plow Line, Riding Bridle, 2 pair Traces, 1 pair Butt Chains, lot of Hoe Hives, a lot of Carpenter Tools, Grain Cradles, Augers, Saws, Chisels, and many other articles. Also—Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of 2 Bedsteads, 1 Corner Cupboard, Iron Kettle, and other articles.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by GEORGE HEWITT.
JOHN HAHN, Auctioneer. [Feb. 19—ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned will sell at Public Sale, *on Friday, the 20th day of March next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence, in Union township, about two miles east of Littlestown on the road leading to Hanover, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

4 HEAD OF HORSES, 8 head of Horned Cattle, 3 Sheep, 4 Stone Bed, Sled, 3 Ploughs, 3 Harrows, Cultivator, 2 Shovel Ploughs, 2 Corn Forks, Spring Rake, Buckeye Reaper, Threshing Machine, Winnowing Mill, Jack Screw, Log Chains, Halter Chains, Cow Chains, Horse Gears, Fly Nets, Cutting Box, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, one of the best Grain Drills in use, Meat Vessels, Barrels, Cupboard, Beds and Bedsteads, and other Household and Kitchen Furniture, too numerous to mention.

Attendance will be given and terms made known by Feb. 19—ts JOHN KRUMBINE.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned intending to relinquish his trade, will sell at Public Sale, *on Monday, the 9th day of March next at 1 o'clock, P. M.*, on the premises, his residence in Frederick county, Md., on the road from Taneytown to Morita's Tavern, about 5 miles from the former and 3 miles from the latter place, adjoining lands of Samuel Ott, Jacob Bollinger, Reuben Fleming and others, consisting of SIX ACRES of first-rate land, improved with a large two-story Log Dwelling, Log Barn, Blacksmith Shop, Smoke House, and other out-buildings. A well of excellent Water near the door, and a Spring convenient to the house, also, an Orchard of choice fruit of all kinds, &c. This is a good situation for a Blacksmith, being in a good neighborhood and having a good run of custom.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by JOSEPH P. BOWERS.
Feb. 19.—ts*

☞Col. C. H. BUEHLER, at the corner of Railroad and Carlisle streets, is the sole Agent for the MORNING GLORY, for Adams county. Call and examine them.

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF GETTYSBURG.
NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF
7-30 NOTES.

Last fall, when the privilege of converting the August 7-30 Notes expired, many persons who neglected to convert into 5-20 Bonds, or sell, lost the premium and the privilege of converting. It will be the same with the 7-30's maturing in June and July next, if not disposed of in time. This Bank will either convert, or purchase, the 7-30's, allowing premium and interest.

Feb. 19, 1868.—tf GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

NOTICE.

The sixth account of ROBERT MCCURDY, Esq., Sequestrator of the Gettysburg R. R. Co. has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by said Court *on the 26th day of March, 1868, A. D.*, unless cause is shown to the contrary.
Feb. 19—4t* J. A. KITZMILLER, Prothy.

540 MILES
OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,
RUNNING WEST FROM OMAHA
ACROSS THE CONTINENT,
ARE NOW FINISHED.
THE TRACK BEING LAID AND TRAINS RUNNING
WITHIN TEN MILES OF THE SUMMIT OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

The prospect that the
Whole Grand Line to the Pacific
WILL BE COMPLETED IN 1870.

was never better. The means so far provided for construction have proved ample, and there is no lack of funds for the most vigorous prosecution of the enterprise. The Company's *First Mortgage Bonds* are now offered at PAR. They pay

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

and have thirty years to run before maturity. Subscriptions will be received in Gettysburg, Pa., by the
FIRST NATIONAL BANK and
GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK,
and in New York at the Company's office, No. 20, Nassau street, and by
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7, Nassau st.
CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51, Wall st.,
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 59, Wall st.,
and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in draft or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP, showing the Progress of the Work, Resources for Construction, and Value of Bonds, may be obtained at the Company's Offices or of its advertised agents, or will be sent free on application.
JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,
New York.
Feb. 19, 1868.—tf

BARK! BARK!
1100 CORDS WANTED!
THE SUBSCRIBER WANTS
600 CORDS OF
BLACK OAK BARK,
for which he will pay $6 00 per cord, on delivery, in good order, at his tanyard in Gettysburg. Wanted also,
500 CORDS OF
ROCK OAK BARK,
for which the highest market price will be given.
JOHN RUPP.
Feb. 12.—6m

JOHN M. MINNIGH.
Diamond Confectionery.
Baltimore Street, opposite Star and Sentinel Office, Gettysburg, Pa.

Confections of all kinds, French Gilt Cameon Candies, Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, Toys, and Notions generally on hand. Also, just received a large assortment of plain, common and fancy

VALENTINES,

all of which will be sold at Philadelphia wholesale prices. Call and examine. Feb. 12—tf

New Advertisements.

BORDENTOWN FEMALE COLLEGE,
BORDENTOWN, N. J.
FURNISHES THE VERY BEST EDUCATIONAL ADVANTAGES in connection with a pleasant home. Board and Tuition $200 per year. For Catalogues address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, A. M. Pres't.

"THE PULPIT."—A 32-page Journal of Public Speaking, Pure Literature and Practical Religion, containing the best things said by the Clergy and Public Men the world over. By our plan SENT ONE YEAR FOR NOTHING. Send 10 cts. with your address to
"THE PULPIT COMPANY,"
37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

Agents Wanted, now ready for Canvassers,
for THE HISTORY of the WAR BETWEEN THE STATES;
Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results,
By Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.
Send for Circulars, with terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—IN EVERY COUNTY in the United States, A GOOD MAN to sell by sample,
CHAMBERLAIN'S COMBINATION
Square, Plumb, Level & Bevel.
The greatest invention of the age, and one that every Mechanic, Workman and Farmer in the land will buy. Send address, with name, State, County and Post Office, plainly written, and we will send circulars and terms.
W. S. BATCHELDER & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—133 Teachers, Students, or other intelligent Men and Women. Business pays $100 to $200 per month, according to ability. Address ZEIGLER, MCCURDY & CO., 614 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—To make an arrangement with a live man in every County, who wishes to make money, and can give good reference. No capital required. Will sell a business now paying $1,500 per month, and rely on profits for my pay. Address J. C. TILTON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

XL
A PRESENT OF $25 VALUE,
OF your own selection, free of cost, for a few days' service in any town or village. Particulars and a gift sent free, by addressing, with stamp, N. B. CLOUDMAN & CO., 40 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

AMERICAN CLOCK CO.
3 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK,
Manufacturers, Agents and Dealers in
ALL VARIETIES OF AMERICAN CLOCKS.
Sole Agents for the
SETH THOMAS CLOCKS.

THE CELEBRATED
"ESTEY" ORGAN,
WITH
VOX HUMANA STOP.
Pronounced by all who have heard it the most natural and beautiful imitation of the HUMAN VOICE ever yet introduced. J. ESTEY & CO., Brattleboro, Vt., the original Inventors and Manufacturers. 417 Broome st., N. Y.; 279 River st., Troy, N. Y.; 18 North 7th st., Phila.; 115 Randolph st., Chicago.

RED JACKET
AXE.
COLBURN'S PATENT.
TRIED AND NOT FOUND WANTING.

We claim it will cut Twenty-Five (25) per cent. more cord wood per day than any other Axe made.

McKEESPORT, Dec. 10, 1867.
MESSRS. LIPPINCOTT & CO.
SIRS:—I have fully tried your Patent Axe and find that it is all that you claim for it. It will chop faster than any other Axe that I ever saw, and leaves the wood without sticking at all. I would not chop three days without one for the cost. I need not say any more, for any man that tries one will be satisfied.
WM. KEES.

CAUTION!—The Axe and the Label are both patented. Infringers on these patents will be prosecuted according to law. Vendors or dealers, and persons using any infringement, are liable with the maker of the infringement.

☞For sale by all Dealers and the manufacturers,
LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
(SUCCESSORS TO LIPPINCOTT & CO.)
Sole owners of the Patents,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO.
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
VIA PANAMA OR NICARAGUA.
SAILING FROM NEW YORK
December 5th and 15th; January 5th, 15th and 25th, and February 15th and 25th.
With New Steamships of the First Class.
PASSAGE LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.
For further information address the undersigned at 177 West street New York.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

ONE DOLLAR! ONE DOLLAR!
A GREAT WONDER, a Silk, Thibet or Alpaca Dress, A Wool Shawl, Carpet, 30 yds. Sheeting, Family Bible, Sets Ladies Furs, Sewing Machine, Fine Wool Cloth for Coats, &c., for ONE DOLLAR EACH. Agents wanted. Circulars sent free
Address G. S WARREN & CO., Boston, Mass.

Immense Dollar Sale
OF ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN DRY AND FANCY GOODS, PLATED WARE, CUTLERY, ALBUMS, LEATHER GOODS, &c., &c. Send 15 cents for one, or 10 cents each for ten or more names of articles, which we will
SELL AT ONE DOLLAR EACH.
Agents can purchase an article worth from $3 to $200, for One Dollar, according to size of club ordered. Circulars sent free. KIMBALL & CO., No. 3 Tremont Row, Boston, Mass. P. O. Box 2516.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
A Beautiful Illustrated Book, worth a Thousand Dollars, sent free to any address on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing Professor JOHN W. VANDERPOOL. No. 265 Winthrop Place, New York City.

ONE DOLLAR EACH.
WEBS Cotton Cloth, Dress Patterns, Pant Patterns, Sewing Machines, Watches, Dry and Fancy Goods &c. &c. Send ten cents for Patent Pen Knife, with slip describing an article in our dollar sale.
Any person, (male or female,) can send in a club of from 7 to 1000, at same rate (10 cts. for each,) and get a premium for so doing. Send in Registered Letters. Samples mailed free to any address.
EASPMAN & KENDALL,
65 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

WE ARE COMING!
And will present to any person sending us a club in our Great
ONE DOLLAR SALE
of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, a Watch, Piece of Sheeting, Silk Dress Pattern, &c., &c., FREE OF COST.
Catalogue of goods and sample sent to any address FREE.
ALLEN, HAWES & CO.,
P. O. Box C. 15 Federal st., Boston, Mass.

Wholesale Dealers in French, German, and English Dry and Fancy Goods, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Albums, Leather Goods, &c. [Feb. 19—4t

E. H. MINNIGH,
CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
next door to the Keystone Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Confection, Periodical and News Depot.
All kinds of Confections, Candies, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, &c., &c.,
constantly on hand.
The Daily Papers of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and choice Magazines,
supplied to subscribers at lowest rates.
VALENTINES
Plain, Comic and Fancy, a large assortment just opened
☞CALL AND EXAMINE☜
Feb. 12.—tf

CONFECTIONERY
AND
ICE CREAM SALOON.
JOHN GRUEL,
Chambersburg Str., Gettysburg,
next door to Eagle Hotel,
Having completed his new building, has opened the largest assortment of Confections ever offered in Gettysburg, including
French & Common Candies,
Toys, Nuts, &c., and everything belonging to a first-class Confectionery, with special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen.
ICE CREAM
supplied on shortest notice.
Feb. 12.—tf.

New Advertisements.

GEO. JACOBS & BRO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,
next door to Keystone Hotel.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, TWEEDS,
Of all styles, and best quality the market can produce, furnished cheap as can be sold in the country, which will be cut out, if desired, without extra charge.
Goods made up and warranted
TO FIT.

Also, sole Agents for Adams County for
The Howe Sewing Machine,
The most perfect & reliable in America!
The highest premium—the Cross of the Legion of Honor, and Gold Medal—awarded at the Paris Exposition, 1867.

The Howe Machine will do a larger variety of work in better style than any other machine, and defies all competition for simplicity and ease in working. Call and examine them. Circulars containing price list, &c., can be had on application. [Feb. 12, 1868.—tf

WIRE RAILING, Wire Guards for Stone Fronts, Asylums, &c; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c.; Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters; Landscape Wires for Windows, &c.; Papermakers

The Farmer and Housekeeper.

ASPARAGUS BEDS.

As these are a "life-long institution," it is very important that proper care should be taken in their construction, and though it may be true that "all's well that ends well," still there is no possible chance of an asparagus bed's ending well if badly begun. The following method of preparing and planting the beds will, we think, be found as economical and profitable as any that has the merit of being a good one:

Dig out a trench four and a-half feet wide and sixteen inches deep, and as long as desired; fill in with the earth taken out and manure or rich compost, in equal proportions, to within four inches of the surface.—Plant the roots in rows one foot apart, and the same distance apart in the rows, then cover with the virgin soil and compost until the bed is level, and let it stand until the succeeding fall, at which time put on two inches of manure and earth, rounding the bed so as to be higher in the middle than at the sides.

The second spring a little asparagus may be cut from the beds, but they should not be cut closely until the third year. Give a dressing of salt every spring and of manure every fall, and the beds will last half a century.

Make the beds as early in the spring as the weather will permit.—*Planter and Farmer.*

GREASING WAGONS.—But few people are aware that they do wagons and carriages more injury by greasing too plentifully than in any other way. A well-made wheel will endure common wear from ten to twenty-five years, if care is taken to use the right kind and proper amount of grease; but if this matter is not attended to, they will be used up in five or six years. Lard should never be used on a wagon, for it will penetrate the hub and work its way out around the tenons of the spokes, and spoil the wheel. Tallow is the best lubricator for wood axletrees, and castor oil for iron.

Just enough grease should be applied to the spindle of a wagon to give it a light coating; this is better than more, for the surplus put on will work out at the ends, and be forced by the shoulder-bands and nut-washers into the hub around the outside of the boxes.

To oil an axletree, first wipe the spindle clean with a cloth wet with spirits of turpentine, and then apply a few drops of castor oil near the shoulder and end. One teaspoonful is sufficient for the whole.

TRIMMING VINES.—A correspondent of the *New England Farmer*, having experience, trims during the period of dormancy, from November to February; prefers to trim when the wood is frozen, with a saw; would never use axe or hatchet; the pruning should commence when the trees are quite young, and only the limbs taken out that seem to have dried up and become useless.

MAKING BOOTS WATER TIGHT.—It may be of interest to many readers to know how to preserve their boots and make them at the same time pliable and water-proof. It can be done in this way: In a pint of the best winter-strained lard oil, dissolve a piece of paraffine the size of a hickory nut, aiding the solution with a gentle heat, say 130 or 140 deg. F. The readiest way to get pure paraffine is to take a piece of paraffine candle. Rub this solution on your boots a bout once a month; they can be blacked in the meantime. If the oil should make the leather too stiff, decrease the proportion of paraffine, and *vice versa*. A correspondent has used this for eight years past, and his boots have lasted two winters, the uppers always remaining soft, and never cracking. He tried beeswax, rosin, tar, &c., but never found any other preparation half so good.—*Scientific American.*

A LITTLE MORE CULTIVATING.—We never harrow enough; we never cultivate enough. Too mellow ground cannot be made. The mellower the better. And yet we harrow simply to cover the grain, unless the land is very rough. This is all wrong, wrong. Let the cultivator be used freely, followed by the drag freely. Let them *swim* through the soil. Some ground needs frequent plowing in addition to the cultivating. You cannot pulverize too much; you cannot pulverize enough. "But there is no time to do all this." True. And here is the great difficulty; we have too much land; our work has got the start of us—and it will keep it always where there is much of it. Better cultivate one acre thoroughly than two in the usual manner—for it will yield as much as two without manure, unless your land is in a very mealy condition, which is rarely the case. Harrow more; cultivate more.—*Rural World.*

CUTTING AND GRINDING HAY.—Owing to the high price of grain, many of our farmers are feeding it sparingly this winter. It will soon be time to commence a more liberal use of it to prepare teams for the busy spring time. Cut hay or straw, mixed with meal, or wheat bran and shorts, is much more economical than to feed whole grain and hay. In Europe, hay is sometimes ground, and it would pay farmers well, here, in the leisure time of winter, when it sells for over twenty dollars per ton, and probably when it sells at less figures. Americans have yet many lessons to learn in economy.

CHICKEN CHOLERA.—As numerous complaints have reached us quite recently, from farmers and others, in regard to the ravages of chicken cholera, we subjoin the following remedy, which we find in the report of the Agricultural Department at Washington: "For the last two years my chickens have been dying of cholera; even turkeys have died the same way. When I notice the hens begin to droop and look sleepy I give them three or four teaspoonfuls of strong alum water, and repeat the next day. I also mix the feed (say corn meal), with strong alum water, feeding twice a day for two or three days, afterwards once a week. Since I have practiced the above I have not lost any."

SELECTING A COW.—It is sometimes the case that the best judges will be deceived. A cow of very promising appearance, coarse in the neck, large boned, and second or third-rate milk marks generally, will, now and then, turn out to be first-rate, while another with these largely developed, fine in the head and neck, and promising every way, will prove unsatisfactory. But a failure in this case is rare. Let the head be light, the forehead broad, the horn rather thin and clear, the eye clear and prominent, the neck thin, and the fore-quarters rather light, the back straight, the hind quarters well developed, wide over the loins, the carcase deep, the udder coming forward and well shaped, the skin soft to the touch, the teats well set, not too large nor too small, the tail long and thin, like a whip-lash. Such a cow ought to be a good one.—*Plowman.*

SHEEP.—Sheep are wintering in Illinois very well this season, it is announced—a marked contrast with last year. This season they went into winter quarters in fine condition; last season was exactly the opposite.—A large and very excellent wool clip may be expected the coming spring. There are no deaths among the sheep thus far, while last year deaths were reported on all sides.

"I do not say," remarked an old lady, "that Jones is a thief; but I do say if his farm joined mine I would not try to keep sheep."

Groceries.

JOHN HENDRICKS. HIRAM WARREN

RECONSTRUCTION.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY

GROCERIES

cheap, come to our store in East York street where everything in our line will be sold at a short profit. Everything kept in a first class grocery, will be found there, also

CONFECTIONS AND NOTIONS,

TOBACCO AND SEGARS,

Produce taken in exchange for goods, cash paid for wool &c.

☞ Farmers come and see

THE WONDER OF THE AGE,

Warren's Electric Churn,

which makes one-fourth more butter than any other Churn (out of the same cream.) We keep them for sale and will be pleased to show them. Don't forget the place.

HENDRICKS & WARREN

Gettysburg, Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

BARGAINS

at the new

GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS. Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN CRESS,
Sept. 25, 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS

NEW GROCERY STORE!

TELL EVERYBODY YOU SEE THAT

GILBERT,

JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the *Compiler* Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION Line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.

Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,

Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,

Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,

Notions of all kinds, HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.

May 29.—tf

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

HENRY OVERDEER,

On the Hill in Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa

HAS made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the City and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give them a call, his stock consists of Groceries, Notions, Flour, Corn Meal, Choped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish, Bacon Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil Tar, Best Cider, Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candies, &c., &c.

☞ The cash or trade will be given for County Produce such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c. [May 29, 1867.—tf

New Grocery & Flour Store.

MEALS & BROTHER,

HAVING opened a Grocery, Flour and Vegetable Store, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers to give them a call.—Everything in their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell, as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.

May 29, 1866.

Grocery and Liquor Store!

A large assortment of fine

GROCERIES,

Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market.—All kinds of

LIQUORS,

wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity

☞ B. Mishler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters." WM J. MARTIN,

May 29, 1867.—tf Baltimore st., Gettysburg

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware,

☞ A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867.—tf

Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

THE Proprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &c.,

furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals, and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs.

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES

will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease, and are guaranteed to work as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before hiring or purchasing elsewhere.

May 29, 1867.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER

THE EAGLE LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly gentle—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "right order."

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

☞ Particular attention paid to Furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

☞ We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment.

May 29, 1867.— E. E. FAHS.

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

have just received their

NEW FALL STOCK,

the largest in the county—consisting of

DRY GOODS,

MERINOES,

POPLINS,

MUSLINS,

ALPACAS,

GINGHAMS,

FLANNELS

DELAINES,

CALICOES,

&c., &c., &c.,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS,

in every variety.

CARPETS, a large stock and very cheap

SHAWLS, all kinds and prices.

BLANKETS, very cheap.

QUEENSWARE, the largest stock in the county, and very cheap.

HARDWARE and Saddlery, in all its branches, at the lowest market rates.

GROCERIES, of all kinds,

IRON AND NAILS,

OILS AND PAINTS.

Will sell GOODS at prices DEFYING COMPETITION. Give us a call and examine our stock.

SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.

Oct. 2, 1867.—tf

J. L. SCHICK

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

MERINOES,

POPLAINS,

WOOL DELAINES,

ALPACAS,

COBURGS,

and PLAIN and FANCY GOOODS of all kinds, which he is selling CHEAPER THAN EVER. Call at

S. W. Corner of Public Square,

Gettysburg, Pa.

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

DRY GOODS

FOR

FALL & WINTER WEAR

AT THE STORE OF

A. SCOTT & SON,

THEIR STOCK CONSISTS OF

MERINOS, all styles.
DELAINES, all styles.
CALICOES, all styes.
MUSLINS, all grades.

Cloths and Cassimeres of all styles and quality. Persons wanting good Goods and fair bargains should go to

A. SCOTT & SON,
Chambersburg street, 2d Square,
Oct. 9, 1867. Gettysburg, Pa.

DO YOU WANT

CHEAP AND GOOD

Fall and Winter Goods?

"YES!" EVERYBODY ANSWERS.

THEN GO TO THE NEW STORE OF

REBERT & ELLIOTT,

Opposite the Court-House, Gettysburg.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Cords, Vestings, Gloves, Suspenders, Neck-ties, or anything else in the gentlemen's wear line?

Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Silks, Alpacas, Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes Gloves, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, or anything else desired for ladies' wear?

Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Muslins, Sheetings, Tickings, Carpeting, Queensware, Umbrellas, Window Shades, or anything else of the kind?

Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Furs? You will find a splendid assortment At REBERT & ELLIOTT'S,

Who are now selling goods at prices that must astonish.

To be convinced, call and see for yourselves.

Nov. 20, 1867.—tf

LADIES' FANCY

FURS!

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

Old Established FUR Manufactory,

No. 718 ARCH STREET, above 7th, PHILADELPHIA.

HAVE now in Store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the largest and most beautiful selections of

FANCY FURS,

for Ladies' and Children's Wear in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goodsat very reasonable prices, and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Adams county and vicinity.

Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA,
No. 718 Arch st., above 7th, south side, Philad'a.

☞ I have no Partner, nor connection with any other Store in Philad'a. [Oct. 2.—3m

New Fall & Winter Goods,

E. HITESHEW

is now receiving a large stock of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

I call the attention of my customers and the community to my large stock of goods, I can now offering at lower rates than they have been since the war, and at prices which cannot fail to strike the purchaser as cheap. With every facility for purchasing goods at as low figures as any in the trade, I am also prepared to meet competition in low prices from any and all quarters.

Persons will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock previous to purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell at the lowest market prices in my established style.

Petersburg, (Y. S.,) Oct. 9, 1867.—1y E. HITESHEW.

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

To All Whom it May Concern!

KNOW YE

THAT

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN

HAVE again been to the cities and bought at low prices a full line of Goods, and will sell

MERINOES, 85 cts. to $1 25.

ALPACAS, 50 cts. to $1 25.

DELAINES, 20 cts. to $1 00.

PRINTS, best, 12½ cents.

MUSLINS, 7 to 25 cents.

CLOTHS, $1 25 to $10.

CASSIMERES, 75 cts. to $3 50.

BLANKETS, $2 50 to $9 pair.

SHAWLS, $1 25 to $11.

FURS, all prices.

HOODS, 50 cts. to $2 50.

GLOVES, 10 cts. to $2 00.

HOSIERY, 12½ to 75 cents.

GINGHAMS, 12 cents.

Northwest Corner of Center Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Dec. 18, 1867.—tf

ORNAMENTAL TOYS.

JOHN M. WARNER

HAS just received from Philadelphia the largest best and cheapest assortment of

ALBUMS

ORNAMENTAL TOYS,

TOILET SETS,

FANCY CARD DE VISITES,

FRUITS, CONFECTIONS,

AND NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS,

ever opened in Gettysburg. Call at his store on Baltimore st opposite Fahnestocks' Store. [Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

GETTYSBURG

LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, Wm. Gutt, and now continues the

LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.

He also continues the

COAL BUSINESS,

offering the most popular kinds. Housekeepers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constant ly on hand.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

Gettysburg, Nov. 20, 1867.—tf JACOB REILEY.

LIME FOR SALE

AT

Michael Leer's Old Stand

AT

PTTERSBURG, Y. S. ADAMS COUNTY, PENNA.

JOHN AND PETER BECKMAN

WOULD respectfully announce to the public that they are now prepared to furnish lime in any quantity. Persons would do well to give them a call before going elsewhere as they will find them accommodating in every respect.

Nov. 20, 1867.—3m

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, Near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

☞ A supply of Shingles, at low prices, always on hand

Nov. 1, 1866.—tf. JACOB SHEADS.

SHINGLES.—Prime Shingles, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEADS'S new Lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg. [Nov. 1866.—ts

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S MARBLE WORKS

CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE.

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.

May 29, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.

MEALS & BRO.

In East York Street Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line, SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES MANTLES, &c., &c.

to the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest.—☞ Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTED NEATLY AND CHEAPLY

AT THIS OFFICE

Watches and Jewelry.

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

JEWELRY, &C.

CALL AT

SOPER & McCARTNEY'S,

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

On York street, opposite the Bank, Gettysburg, Penna.

A new and full assortment just received from the City.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

such as Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, &c., also the trimmings, viz: Keys, Strings, Bows, Bridges and everything belonging to the instruments.

Repairing and all kinds of work in our line done promptly and on reasonable terms.

☞ All work warranted, so give satisfaction—and all goods sold, warranted to be what they are represented.

Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

No. 148 North 2d st., corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. [Nov. 27, 1867.—1y

SEEING IS BELIEVING

AT 704 ARCH STREET.

NEW PRICES! NEW GOODS!

RICH SILVER & SILVER PLATED WARES,

Including every style and description, made expressly for the Winter trade, which for neatness and durability cannot be surpassed at

JOHN BOWMAN'S

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturing Establishment,

704 ARCH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Re-plating at short notice.

Dec. 18, 1867. [Aug. 21.—1y

Watches for the Million!

ARRANDALE & CO'S GREAT WATCH CLUB.

EVERYBODY needs a good watch, and wishes to get it at the lowest possible price; a horde of swindlers knowing this have contrived various ingenious devices to get people's money, and then either fail to send a watch, or send one that is worthless as a time-keeper. ARRANDALE & CO. have now perfected an arrangement by which, for the small sum of $10, a good and reliable watch may be certainly obtained. They have formed a GREAT WATCH CLUB on the following plan. Certificates containing the numbers of all the watches named in our wholesale list (which is sent to all applicants) are mixed up, enclosed in envelopes, and sold for 25 cents each. Every certificate is WARRANTED to be for a watch, and as will be seen on reference to the list, none are of less value than Ten Dollars, whilst some are worth $200. We undertake to send any watch drawn whatever may be its value for $10, and in order that every one may absolutely depend upon getting a first class time-keeper, we guarantee that every purchaser of One Dollar's worth of certificates shall receive at least one for watch No. 533 on our wholesale list, sent post free, which is a first-class patent lever, a handsome and reliable watch, in sterling silver hunting cases and usually sold for $40. You will certainly get such a watch; and, besides, you may get a Gold Chronometer worth $500. We sell the certificates as follows: One for 25 cents; five for 50 cents; Six for $1; and Twenty for $3. To those sending $3, we will send a handsome chain gratis. To those sending $5, we will send a gold chain warranted not to tarnish in 20 years. Parties getting up larger clubs will receive liberal premiums, particulars of which may be learned on application. As it is our intention to do a strictly honorable business, and to insure our customers from liability to loss, we will send our watches, if desired, without money, instructing the Express agent to collect only on delivery. If we are desired to forward watches by mail, the money must be sent us by Bank Draft or Post Office Order, and it will then be at our risk. We will then register the package at our post office, and if lost will replace it free of charge. If any watch sent is not approved, it may be returned and the money will be refunded. The reputation of our firm, which has been established for five years, and is well known in every part of the country, we trust will be deemed a sufficient guarantee that we will faithfully perform all we contract to do. Address

ARRANDALE & CO.,
162 Broadway, New York,
Post Office Box, 5,285.

☞ E. H. MINNIGH, Chambersburg street, Agent for Gettysburg.

Dec. 27, 1867.—3m

JOHN BOWMAN,

No. 704 Arch Street,

PHILADELPHIA,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

Our Goods are decidedly the cheapest in the City

TRIPLE PLATE, A No. 1.

Mar. 14, 1867.—1y

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY,

AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(Formerly Andrew Polley's); also some of

THE BEST COOKING-STOVES IN THE MARKET, among which are the

LD DOMINION,
COMPROMISE,
PENNSYLVANIA,
NOBLE COOK,
ECONOMIST,
BARLEY SHEAF, &c.

Also, many other articles for kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.

April 12, 1866. S. G. COOK.

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE

AND GROCERIES

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at the old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

Carpenter's Tools,
Blacksmith's Tools,
Coach Findings,
hoe Findings,
Cabinet Maker's Tools,
Housekeeper's Fixtures
All kinds of iron &c

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Oils, Paints, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above, but what can be had at this Store. Every class of Mechanic can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeeper's can find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any to be found out of the city

JOEL B. DANNER
DAVID ZIEGLER.

May 29 1867

Cabinet Making.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned take this method of informing the public that they still carry on the

Cabinet-making Business,

in all its varied branches, and that they now have on hand a large assortment of

BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,

Tables, Corner Cupboards, Safes, Sinks, Stands, Dressing Bureaus, Chairs, of different kinds; in short every thing in the Cabinet-making line.

ALSO, READY-MADE COFFINS, AND COFFINS MADE TO ORDER.

All of which will be finished promptly, at the old stand on South Baltimore street, opposite Winebrenner's Tannery. The undersigned having had over 20 years experience in the business, flatter themselves that they can make as good work as any others, if not better. Reasonable and others will find it to their advantage to call and buy from us, as we are determined to sell as low as possible, to suit the times.

GARLACH & TRIMMER.

Jan. 13, 1867.—3m

FURNITURE.

SHEAFFER & BECKER,

PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,

Are prepared to offer to the Public, anything in their line as cheap as can be had in the county.

☞ Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE

made to order. Repairing done neat, cheap and with dispatch.

[Jan. 22, 1868.—tf

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS, Common, Administrator's and Executor's Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Indictments and Executions, for sale at the STAR AND SENTINEL office. [Jan. 28, 1868.

Photograph Galleries.

REMOVAL!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room to now occupies, has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled anywhere else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,

of every size and description, executed in the finest style in particular attention given to the CARTE-DE-VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR set by. Also—THE PORCHLAIN PICTURES, which for sheer beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in

GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for your selves.

LEVI MUMPER.

June 21, 1866.

WE are always glad to see our friends at the Excelsior Gallery, it still stands in the same old place opposite the Bank on York st., Gettysburg, Pa. C. J. TYSON.

PHOTO MINIATURES the Excelsior Gallery are superb and are furnished at one-third city prices. Call and examine specimen's. C. J. TYSON.

EXCELSIOR is our motto. To please our aim! and to render satisfaction in every instance our determination. C. J. TYSON.

CONSTANTLY on hand an assortment of fine Frames, Photograph Albums, Cards and Baskets for grouse, from the Battle-field. Photographs of our Generals, and other distinguished individuals, at th Excelsior Gallery. C. J. TYSON.

THE best Photographs made in this County are made at the Excelsior Gallery, Gettysburg, opposite the old Bank. C. J. TYSON.

BY all means have your Photographs made at the Excelsior Gallery if you desire them perfect. C. J. TYSON.

LARGE VIEWS of the Battle-field, singly or in sets, very low; also Stereoscopic Views to the Battle-field, at the Excelsior Gallery. Do not fail to see them. C. J. TYSON.

FRAMES OF EVERY KIND, for Large Pictures, Marriage Certificates, Church Certificates, Missionary Certificates, &c., very cheap at

S. G. SHEAFFER'S
New Gallery, Hanover, Pa.

June 5, 1867.—1y

Financial.

THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Is agent for the sale of the first Mortgage

Union Pacific Rail Road.

6 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST BONDS,

at 90 cents on the dollar, payable semi-annually at our counter. All necessary information given.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.

SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE-TWENTY BONDS without charge.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced* 1 *per cent.*, viz:

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,
4 PER CENT. for 6 months,
3 PER CENT. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Oct 30, 1867.—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG

WILL ALLOW

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS as follows:

5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR 1 YEAR,
4 " " " 6 MONTHS,
3 " " " 3 "

WILL CONVERT

7-30 NOTES INTO 5-20 BONDS AS USUAL *free of charge;*

CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES AND COUPONS.

Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind free of charge as Commission, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for

GOLD AND SILVER,

and with pleasure transact all business promptly as here tofore pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 6 1867.—tf

GEO. DUMBOLTON (*late of Carroon & Co.*) C. C. WIRT, (*of Hanover, Pa.*)

DUMBOLTON & WIRT,

Corner of Baltimore and St. Paul streets,

BALTIMORE,

BANKERS, BROKERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Government Securities, Gold, Silver, &c.,

HAVE CONSTANTLY FOR SALE,

U. S. 1881 BONDS,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. 7-30 BONDS,
U. S. 10-40 BONDS,

7-30 *BONDS of all issues converted into* 5-20's *upon the most favorable terms.*

Special agents for the sale of

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS, AND

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS,

bearing six per cent. Interest in gold,

☞ Persons wishing to convert any description of securities, or make or change investments, can have the same promptly executed.

ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL

RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS or Sale.

☞ Deposits received and Interest paid upon balances subject to check at sight. [Dec. 4, 1867.—3m

Notice to Capitalists!

PERSONS desiring of investing, and realizing Seven per cent., are requested to call at the

Gettysburg National Bank,

AND OBTAIN CIRCULARS OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

AND ALSO

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COS. GRATIS.

These investments are daily growing in favor and sales increasing.

☞ BONDS can be had at all times at this Bank and where all information concerning said investments will be cheerfully given.

Dec. 18, 1867.—tf J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Millinery.

Mantua Making & Stamping

Mary M. Vos, Cradel & Miss Wilson

HAVING commenced the Mantua Making business in all its branches, respectfully request their friends and the public generally to give them a call. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction in every case.

PLAIN STICHING & SEWING

done to order. Our prices of which will be found to be reasonable considering the times. Shop on Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Lutheran Church.

Dec. 11.—3m

Miscellaneous.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

DRY GOODS! FANCY GOODS!

JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.

Worth over $2,000,000! All to be sold for ONE DOLLAR EACH.

ARRANDALE & CO.,

162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

AGENTS FOR EUROPEAN MANUFACTURERS,

Announce, that in consequence of the overstocking of the English market, an immense quantity of DRY and FANCY GOODS have been consigned to them with instructions to be cleared for immediate cash, at any sacrifice. A. & Co. have, therefore, resolved to offer them according to their ordinary system of busin. ess at $1 each, without regard to value.

The following list shows the original wholesale prices of some of the articles which they now offer at $1.

Best, Wolf, and Buffalo Robes	from $15 00 to $50 00
Sets of Furs, Sable, Ermine or Mink	20 00 to 100 00
Ladies' Muffs " " "	15 00 to 60 00
" Collars " "	10 00 to 40 00
Silk and Satin Dress Patterns	18 00 to 45 00
Borage and Egyptian Cloths	6 00 to 12 00
Alpacca and Muslin de Laines	4 00 to 10 00
French Merinos and Twills	10 00 to 20 00
Cambric, Thibet and Mohair	4 00 to 10 00
Balmoral and Hilipic Skirts	2 00 to 6 00
Silk and Lace Veils	2 00 to 6 00
Sets fine Cuffs and Collars	2 00 to 5 00
Pairs of Ladies' Corsets	2 50 to 8 00
Handkerchiefs, Silk, Plain, Hem-stitched and Embroidered Linen, Lawn; per dozen	6 00 to 13 00
Ladies and Gents' Cotton, Woven and Silk Hose and half Hose; per dozen pairs	4 00 to 12 00
Ladies and Gents' Merino, Cotton Linen and Cotton Shirts and Under-shirts; each	2 50 to 6 00
Coat, Vest and Pantaloon Patterns in Cloth, Cassimere, and Doeskin	3 00 to 25 00
Linen and Woolen Table Covers	2 00 to 8 00
White and Colored Linen Napkins per dozen	6 00 to 12 00
Mailing, White and Unbleached, per yard	15 to 40
Flannels: Shawls in Woolen; Silk and Merino Nubias or Cloaks; Woolen Hoods; Blankets; Linen and Muslin Sheets; Velvet and Morocco Portmonaies; Shopping Bags; Wallets; Meerschaum Pipes; Four and Six Blade Pocket Knives, with pearl, tortoise and ivory handles; French Clocks; Gilt and Bronze Musical Boxes; Revolvers; Bowling Places; Fancy Combs; Hair Nets; Work Boxes; Silver Card Cases; Albums; Family and Pocket Bibles; Opera Glasses, &c.	

We have also received a splendid assortment of WATCHES,

Gold and Silver Hunting Cases for Gents; Enameled do. for Ladies, together with Chains of every pattern and style.

Sets of Jewelry in every variety; Sleeve Buttons, Thimbles, Lockets; Crosses; Rings of every kind; Bracelets; Gold Pens, &c., &c.

THE SILVERWARE DEPARTMENT COMPRISES Silver, Dining and Tea Sets, Castors, Ice Pitchers, Table Spoons, Forks, Tea Spoons, Goblets, Drinking Cups, Coffee Urns, Tea Pots, Cream Pitchers, Sugar Bowls, Fruit Baskets, Cake Baskets, Card Baskets, Fruit Knives, Syrup Cups, Salvers, Portmonaies, Pie Knives, Fish Knives, Mustard and Salt Spoons, Napkin Rings, Egg Stands, Wine Holders, Card Cases, &c.

All the above list of articles to be sold for $1 00 each. The expenses are paid by the sale of Coupons or Certificates naming each article in the stock, and its value. These Certificates are enclosed in envelopes, mixed up; and sold at

25 CENTS EACH—5 FOR $1—11 FOR $2.

Whatever article is named in the Certific